

First In Five Years

We have a splendid line of
PLAITED GRASS CHAIRS
for your selection

BOYS BUSTER BROWN WAGONS
\$7.50 8.50 & 9.50

Baseball Gloves, Mitts, Bats, etc. Tennis Balls and Rackets, Everything for your spring work—Hardware and Harness.

W. E. BROWN
HARDWARE HARNESS FURNITURE

Your Grocer

In buying your Groceries always look for Quality. We make groceries our specialty, and stock only the best, therefore it will pay you to deal with us.

BOW VALLEY SUPPLY CO.
M. B. GARRETT



IT'S TIME NOW
to give attention to feed troughs, leaders, rods, etc., before the summer sets in.
TUNING OF THE BETTER KIND
is our specialty.
Furnace Repairing and all kinds of Sheet Metal work given prompt attention.

JAS. V. MORAN, OPPOSITE STANDARD OFFICE
STRATHMORE ALTA

STRATHMORE MEAT MARKET
11017 AND McDONALD

DEALERS IN LIVESTOCK



HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR HIDES
FRESH AND SMOKED MEATS
OF ALL KINDS ALWAYS ON HAND

The Churches

UNION CHURCH SERVICES

Rev. Theo. Philips, S. T. L., Pastor.

Calendar for this week.

Sunday, June 6th

Laymen's Day

11 a.m. Address by Mr. A. M. Stinson of Calgary, on the "Protestant Movement."

12 a.m. Sunday School.

7:30 p.m. Address by Mr. Wilson of Calgary on "The Nature and Organization of the Protestant Movement." Everybody welcome.

Tuesday, June 10th, 7:30 p.m. Junior Christian Endeavor followed by Junior Choir Practice.

Thursday, June 12th, 2 p.m.—The Ladies Aid Society will meet in the home of Mrs. Zerkle.

St. Michael and All Angels' Church

—o—
LIST OF SERVICES

Holy Communion

8:30 a.m. on the 2nd, 4th and 5th Sunday in the month.

11 a.m. on the 1st and 3rd Sunday in the month.

Matins and Sermon

11 a.m. Every Sunday.

2 p.m. Sunday School.

4 p.m. Holy Baptism.

Evening and Sermon

7:30 p.m. Every Sunday.

8:00 p.m. Evening and Choir practice every Friday.

One notice will be given of special services on Festivals and Holy days.

The seats in the Church are free and unreserved and everybody welcome.

HENRY MONTGOMERY, M.A.
Incumbent.

Church Wardens

E. R. Bidley,
W. E. Brown.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH
Services

Services June 12th 11 a.m.

Rev. M. F. MURPHY

Mr. S. L. Lewis, one of our local designers is starting farming and has purchased 220 acres between Strathmore and Strathmore which he intends to break up this summer.

THE STRATHMORE AND BOW VALLEY STANDARD.

Published Every Wednesday

Annual Subscription to Canada and British Empire \$1.50

Foreign Countries 2.00

Editor and Proprietor —:— John Mackenzie

Legal Advertising, 12 cents a line for first insertion, and 5 cents a line for each subsequent insertion—12 lines to the inch. Readers, 15 cents a line. Lost, Found, A stray, and Want Advertisements, 2 cents per word first issue, 1 cent per word each subsequent issue. Minimum charge 50 cents first issue, 25 cents each additional issue. Display ad, rates on application, ask for Rate Card. Special positions extra.

Terms—Small or transient advts. cash with order. Contract ad, accounts due 1st of month following insertion. Changes of advertisements must reach this office not later than noon each Monday.

Notices of entertainments, meetings, sales etc., at which admission is charged, articles sold, or a collection taken, with the exception of actual church services, will be charged for at regular advertising rates.

The Publisher is not responsible for opinions expressed by correspondents.

Strathmore Standard, April 2nd 1920

Something About the Western Section

It may be of interest to discuss crop conditions and review some statistics applying particularly to our home district. Strathmore is near the centre of the Western Section of the C.P.M. Irrigation Block comprising about 1,000,000 acres of which about 220,000 acres carry a water right agreement. The irrigable lands are served by an extensive system of canals and ditches, taking water supply from the Bow River. There are about 340 miles of Main Canal and 120 miles of Distributory ditches. The Strathmore Irrigation Office is the headquarters for the local management of the Western Section Irrigation System.

During the past nine years a crop census has been taken of the lands covered by water right agreements. In 1912 reports were made on 192,574 acres and the production from these amounts to an impressive total. The report shows that in 1912 there were 1,811,253 bushels of wheat and 584,208 bushels of oats produced. The average yield of wheat for the nine years was a little over 20 bushels per acre. The average yield of oats for 1912 was about 21 bushels, while the nine year average was about 15 bushels per acre. While the average irrigation was largely increased during 1912 there was still a large area that was not irrigated and this with the other dry land areas meant in the farm units brings down the average. Irrigation helped produce the 29,223 tons of green feed that were reported and which increased the feed available in Southern Alberta and gave our district a good name. The rains beginning last year have largely been responsible for this feed and the prices at which it sold made the production fairly profitable.

The use of irrigation water during the past dry years has done a great deal for this district and could have done more if the lands were divided and smoothed, ready for irrigation. The lands under the ditch should be gradually graded and properly prepared for economical irrigation, but to say even the head ditches should be built of good size and to permanent grade, starting at the bottom of the outlet box. Next the land should be smoothed with the 15 ft. home made leveller before seeding as this is good practice even on dry land above the ditch. In our opinion the ditch should be discarded in favor of the cultivator using spring tools or disc harrow but as desired, because the ditch usually leaves the land in ridges quite difficult to irrigate and expensive to level down. Better work can be done with the cultivator and the land is kept smooth. It is believed that the dry land farmer can profitably adopt the use of the cultivator and leveller since his success depends on an even seed bed and an even distribution of the rainfall and the snow water. In other words an even distribution of moisture over the land is essential for the best results.

It is believed that farmers looking water right agreements will find the best policy to go largely into forage crops especially alfalfa and vetch hay crops. This should be profitable if it well handled and become very attractive during the dry seasons when the general hay crop is short and the prices are proportionately high. The risks in this business are much less than in grain growing and it will usually give as reputation as a stock growing and feeding district.

Just now there is less stock in the Western Section than the average. The most striking reaction being in hogs, of which there were only 160 head reported in 1912 as compared to 740 in 1913 and 220 in 1917. The Western Section with its power of producing forage crops must therefore raise hogs in quantity and the industry needs to be assured of a profitable return based on the price of grain. We raise hogs cheaper than

they can on dry land areas but a proper stabilized price is very much needed.

The crop production on the irrigable farm units of the Western Section as summarized in the 1913 report shows at the average prices prevailing a gross value of over \$5,000,000 which we will say is not bad.

ROBT. H. STOCKTON

Work of the Dominion Experimental Farms

Almost every farmer in Canada is interested in some phase of the agricultural work carried on by the Dominion Experimental Farms System both at Ottawa and on the twenty branch farms distributed between the Atlantic and the Pacific. The work covered on these farms includes investigations with live stock, field crops, fruit growing, tobacco, bees, poultry, and, in fact, all branches of agriculture related to Canadian conditions. The report of the Dominion Experimental Farms for the fiscal year 1919 is obtainable from the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa. This report contains many valuable and interesting experiments that are under way. Among these are experiments in feeding live stock for market, and summer winter experiments in fattening swine. The Division gives a preliminary report of its experiments with ten crops in one field, and in the Division of Dominion Farms, Production the variety test and the results of these experiments are outlined. Throughout this publication there are many valuable correlations stated which are based on the experimental work conducted at these farms.

For four years, too, the public provinces have saved between the first prices in the wheat market—something at "premiums." Extra on the seed shown there and grown on the same plot has been discovered after the war on the continent and found the best of largely suggested yields over a very wide area. The names of Marquette and Newer Wheat are prominent.

In the spring of 1916, 100 bushels of approved barley was imported into Alberta from Idaho, where the variety had been grown and improved on for a number of years and was well known as the highest yielding barley in the state. Given on twenty-five acres at Tilley and Rosebud in Southern Alberta, it yielded 75 bushels to the acre. Just to find out what really could be done with the Southern seed, plots were sown in 1917 on the Dominion Experimental Farms at Lacrosse and Lethbridge in the same province. With the result that in the central area of the province a yield of 114 bushels was obtained, and an almost equally phenomenal production recorded in the south of 160 bushels to the acre.

The First Train

Re-Loaded Repeater.

The first through train passed Rockyford Monday about 12 o'clock noon from Strathmore after just five weeks of a life now caused by the spring floods. The regular train service was resumed Sunday evening, to the great satisfaction of the community. No doubt this long interruption of the train service has been a hardship as well as a financial loss, both to the railway and the public. The dome lake line is one of the most important lines on the Canadian Government system and should receive a little better consideration than has been given in the past. The line was built on the basis of local conditions and it is not so that nothing short of a miracle would give the line an equal of the line on a high grade would give the government a railway that would be possible to operate with efficiency and give the public reasonable service. Millions of dollars have been spent on the industry needs to be assured of a profitable return based on the price of grain. We raise hogs cheaper than

A Letter Head Like This Would Suit You

P. O. Box 10

Telephone R. 502

SERVICEBERRY FARM
WM. McDUGALL, Owner.

STRATHMORE, ALBERTA.

For your correspondence why not get the best paper you can, consistent with cost, and have your name, the name of your farm, Post Office address, any anything else you want, printed on it. Also have your envelopes printed with the return address and ensure their return if undelivered.

We can supply you with 500 letterheads and 500 envelopes, printed, Bond paper, for from \$10.50 to \$12.00 (lower prices on larger quantities) according to the quality of paper you prefer. This will ensure you a year's supply of good stationery, and the printed letterheads will add to the effectiveness of your communications. Many farmers have already had their letterheads printed. Once you adopt a printed letterhead you will never return to the old "scrap of paper" system.

Call and see samples and get prices. Information and samples mailed on request.

STRATHMORE & BOW VALLEY STANDARD

Palace Bakery

ICE CREAM PARLOR
"Vita" Bread Appetizing and Satisfying
ANNOUNCEMENT TO OUR CUSTOMERS

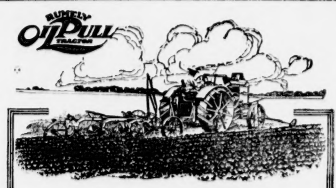
Owing to the increased cost of flour and other ingredients, we are compelled to make a slight increase in the price of bread. On and after Monday, May 24th, our bread will be 15c per loaf or 7 tickets for \$1.00.

Thanking you for your support and hoping for a continued share of your future custom.

Yours truly

THE PALACE BAKERY

We Give Authentic News



Just Ask the OilPull User

THE most satisfactory evidence of a tractor's performance

is the work it does for its owner over a period of time.

So before you buy your tractor just talk with tractor owners in this locality and get their real opinion.

Ask them about the cost of operation—learn whether they can use kerosene under all conditions and at all loads—find out the cost to plow an acre of ground.

Ask them about their experiences with their cooling system—find out how they have overcome freezing—time taken for filling or draining, of any inconvenience and delays caused by rattling, vibrating, etc.

Ask them about the power and dependability of their tractors—if the power is sufficient—if there is reserve power for the "punch"—if they can depend upon their tractor for day-in and day-out, year-after-year service without delays and interruptions.

Ask them how long they have used their tractors, cost of upkeep, and how many more years service they can naturally expect.

Ask them about the lubricating and ignition systems—their effectiveness and dependability.

Ask them anything you wish to know about a tractor. Then sum up what OilPull owners tell you and make your own comparisons—draw your own conclusions.

We shall be glad to furnish you with the names of OilPull owners.

There are four sizes of OilPull tractors—12-20, 16-30, 20-40 and 30-60 H. P.

T. H. Eves, Agent, Strathmore

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ALL LINES OF FARM MACHINERY

BOY
SCOUT
NEWSYoung Canada
Be Prepared
The Olympia Boy
Scout Jamboree

Why Wolf Cubs and Boy Scouts of Canada Should Participate
At Olympia

This war-ravaged world is strenuously striving for some peaceful solution of the many great agonies that are today shaking her to her very foundations. The League of Nations was looked upon as a possible solution of the many international difficulties and as a foundation upon which could be built a superstructure such as the world had never seen or known: a superstructure that would give greater possibilities for peace on earth and goodwill among men; a superstructure that would recognize the authority of good government, and that would give adequate expression to the ideal of the brotherhood of men. So far, it would appear that such foundation has not been laid, for while the results of the peace conference have many advocates and much support, they also have many opponents.

In the midst of this upheaval and turmoil there stands a figure on the horizon of humanity, a seer of visions and a dreamer of dreams: a man of sterling personality and striking force, issuing a call for the boys of the world to get together to rally in the bonds of a great brotherhood.

The world's peace has been deeply bought, and that it should be fittingly celebrated and made the occasion for permanent and abiding peace, Sir Robert Baden-Powell, the founder of the Boy Scout Movement, is convening the Scouts of the world at the great Jamboree to be held at Olympia, London, during the closing days of July and the opening days of August of this year. Could a more fitting peace celebration be held than this that brings the boys of the nations of the world together, sworn in due allegiance to God and their country, preposterous on the league to help others at all times and places, that the evidence that they give to establish love? Is there not here the possibility of a permanent and abiding peace of nations? Will it be possible for the boys of the world, banded together in the "brotherhood of the boys of the Three United Kingdoms," to return to their home lands and plan war and destruction upon each other? Is this not the most fitting celebration of peace that could be devised?

The necessity and value of leadership is universally recognized and it is well known that no game appeals more strongly to the young than that of follow the leader, and if the boys of the present age are to develop into the highest type of citizen that the world has known since they must receive leadership from that same type. It is, therefore, the value of leadership that to emphasize this fact, the world's peace must be made more than that which is being celebrated by the Jamboree.

Another reason why a strong Canadian contingent of Boy Scouts should attend the Jamboree is that Canada as a nation takes second place only to the Motherland in the attempts being made for permanent world stability. It would indeed be extremely unfortunate if Canada were not represented at this gathering. The Motherland, and other overseas Nations, and the other nations of the world would undoubtedly ask, why is Canada not represented?

Surely that nation that stood so effectively behind the Motherland in the fight for freedom must be worthily and well represented at this great international gathering, that the world may see that Canada is not an onlooker or a bystander in the world's attempt to establish conditions of permanent citizenship built upon foundations that recognize over.

man's duty to God, to his country and to his neighbors, and that emphasizes that these various relationships of man can only be made strong and permanent through the practice of obedience. If we allow to linger in our minds even for a short time a picture with an International Brotherhood of Boys in the foreground it will not be difficult for us to see in the background the salient of the world bound together in the recognition of the fundamental principles of the Brotherhood of God and the Brotherhood of Men.

Then, lastly, All the young nations of the world have opened their doors and sent out invitations to all worthy men to become citizens. Surely for the Dominion of Canada no worthier type of emigrant can be found than to be met with in the old land and nothing would impress on the old land so effectively the privileges and advantages of Canada over the other nations that have invited them, that Canada should be adequately represented at this great international gathering. World it not be one of the finest things we have done to back up our invitation by a delegation of the boys of the land who might more effectively than by words of men, make good that invitation so that many of our brother citizens in the old land, seeing them, would be enthused with possibilities of a prosperous citizenship in the Dominion of Canada and seek to share with us the privileges of building up that citizenship.

Gravel for Road Building

Government of Saskatchewan Tests 449 Samples of Gravel From Parts of Province

Regina, Sask.—Within the last few months the department of highways of the government of Saskatchewan has tested 449 samples of gravel sent in from the different parts of the province with the intention of ascertaining their value in connection with the construction and maintenance of these roads and concrete bridges. These samples came from 200 municipalities and about 75 percent of the samples selected were of the best quality which will be useful for road-making surface work, and about 60 percent as suitable for making concrete.

It is being compiled and filed in such a way that it will be readily available for road and bridge making. The department is endeavoring to inaugurate a standard of gravel grades, and where possible a gravel surface for roads built under the federal aid.

Arab Slavery

Is Said to Still Exist to A Rather Considerable Extent

Slave traffic along the Arab coast is illegal under the terms of certain conventions, but slavery, nevertheless, still exists to a rather considerable extent. A few years ago members of the American Arabist mission at Beirut, received a whole lot of black boys who had been smuggled up from Africa in a "blackbird" ship for sale along the coast. These boys were mostly used as personal servants, domestics and laborers. By an old law in Arabia a slave is freed after three years of service. This law has been embraced by the Moslem religion, and it is said that most of the slaves are freed after three years. There is no prejudice against marriage with blacks in Arabia, especially after they are freed. This intermarriage has scattered a black population all over Arabia, in parts of the Mahrat and Eden mountains and mixed breeds are so common that the pure Arab strain is almost a rarity. Edinburgh, Scotland.

Drovers in Windy

Beavers in large numbers are making themselves at home in north Winnipeg, according to the observations of a local sportsman. One of the corners of the road is a deep ravine containing a considerable amount of muddy water, and here the beavers have established their colony. As many as five have been seen at one time, residents of the district stated.

Large Demand for Farm Machinery C. E. Jones, vice-president of the United Grain Growers, has authority for the statement that the demand for agricultural machinery in Western Canada this spring has been enormous. The greater part of this machinery is for seeding—a fact which indicates that farmers have been preparing to put as large an acreage as possible into crop.

Butcher.—What reason have you to state, sir, that my homemade sausages contain drugs?

Drooler.—Well, if I happen to turn the while they're frying they turn over.

Fine New Citizens for Canada



The immigration buildings at any of the Dominion ports of entry present a curious scene of bustle and bustle shortly after arrival of one of the giant ocean liners, and a witness is not likely to soon forget the commotion created by the discharged emigrants. A vast mass of humanity surges through the galleries past the immigration officers and the various inspectors and is accepted for Canadian citizenship, men, women and children of every kind, loaded down with baggage of every shape and form and higher and higher making multitudinous enquiries of everyone acquainted with next steps to be taken to further proceed on their journey.

It is neither pleasant nor comfortable to find friendliness in a strange land. The hardhearted traveler feels this and more deeply those who set foot in a foreign land where customs, conditions, and possibly language differ from those to which the emigrant has been accustomed from childhood. Then the petty worries incidental to travelling are intensified by the total unfamiliarity on every hand, and every move is fraught with embarrassment. Yet each month thousands of potential Canadian citizens are arriving at the Dominion's shores from the British Isles, France, Belgium, Holland and Scandinavia—people who have broken up home and life-long ties at the promise of the great new land. Into a whirl of unfamiliar sights and sounds, in a confusion of humanity and baggage, many unacquainted with the language they learn on every hand—thus, at the gateways of the Dominion, arrive the ancestors of the Canadians of tomorrow.

First impressions are often lingering; they are apt to leave a favorable learning on the future outlook.

Children and Matches

Many Fires Occurred in Manitoba

Last Year, 1919, children were playing with matches. In this province during 1919, 166 fires, with a loss of \$17,414, were caused by children playing with matches; and of the 360 fires in the province this year, 45 were from the same cause, with a loss of \$8,815, points out the fire commissioner. A large number of these fires were caused by children of the boys of women and children; others were in vacant and neglected buildings, left by careless property owners, exposed to such fire dangers and constituting a menace to valuable property.

That the lives of children be safeguarded, parents should instill into their minds the danger of playing with matches; and owners of neglected and vacant buildings are directed to place the same in a safe condition so as to prevent them becoming a source of danger from this cause.—Winnipeg Free Press.

Reject Decimal System

British Public Have Expressed No Desire For Change

The Royal Commission, which has been enquiring into the question has decided against the adoption of the decimal system of exchange in Great Britain.

An alteration of the established system, it is pointed out, could not be made as an experiment.

"In our opinion," the majority of the commissioners say, "a large part, including the better educated portion of the community, reckons its income in terms of shillings and pence, and we are satisfied it is idle to expect that the public would accept the disturbance created by the interference of their habits and the basis of their established notions of value by a change for which they expressed no desire and which will not benefit them except insofar as they keep accounts."

The Chinese have a good reason for their dislike for the measure.

- (1) Capt. McDuff, of C. P. R. Colonization Department, meeting first party of emigrants (season 1920) at St. John. A fine type of prospective settlers.
- (2) British emigrants arriving on the C. P. O. S. Grampian for Western farm.

Realizing this and the expediency of rendering the utmost service to these Dominion builders-to-be, the Department of Colonization and Development of the Canadian Pacific Railway, interested among other progressive issues, in the human development of the country, has appointed a colonization agent—a foster parent to immigrants arriving on the company's boats. When a vessel steams into port he is there to go on board with the immigration officer—Capt. Andrew McDuff, veteran of two wars, versed in many languages, sympathetic, tactful, and schooled in the many sides of human nature. He is at the service of these new arrivals to assist with information and advice. He

Saskatchewan Boys' And Girls' Club

Harry Saville, A Graduate Of University of Saskatchewan Will

Be In Charge The boys' and girls' club work hitherto carried on by the extension department of the University of Saskatchewan, in co-operation with the provincial department of agriculture, has been taken over by the department of education and is carried on in future under the school agriculture branch of this department. The department has been fortunate in securing the services of Harry Saville, new duty. Mr. Saville is a graduate of the University of Saskatchewan, obtaining the degree of B.S.A. in 1916. The summers of 1914, 1915 and 1916 were spent by Mr. Saville in experimental work under Professor Bracken at Saskatoon, and the winters of 1916, 1917 and 1918 as instructor in soil management at the university of Saskatchewan.

In 1918 Mr. Saville entered the Royal Air Force and from the time of his demobilization, in December, 1919, he has been in the extension department of the university of Saskatchewan.

The boys' and girls' club work will be managed generally by Mr. Saville with the rural education associations and school farms, of which F. W. Bates is director.

Rural Depopulation in U. S. Preliminary estimates of the United States census for the year 1920 are said to indicate that the farming population of that nation has dropped to 35 percent of the total. Forty years ago 70 percent of the people in the United States lived in the country.

A decade ago 55 percent of the population was rural, but it is estimated that only 35 percent live in the country.—From the Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Walla-While is the name of a railway station in New South Wales.

Reconstructing
The Old World

Pledge of Great Britain in Respect to Palestine Has Been Made Good

There was great rejoicing throughout Christendom when the British armies entered Jerusalem. The Turks were put to flight and the Cross superseded the Crescent in the Holy Land. That joy was extended to Jewish people in all parts of the world when the British government made its historic declaration that, following the conclusion of peace, a Jewish nation should be re-constituted in the ancient home of the race.

This great British victory, and the pledge of the British Government, has now been made good by the action of the Supreme Council under the League of Nations conferring on Great Britain the mandate for the administration of Palestine and Mesopotamia; and the acceptance by Great Britain of the great responsibility which such a mandate imposed. To-day France is given a mandate for the administration of Syria, and the United States has been asked to accept the mandate for Armenia. Thus to the three most enlightened and democratic nations in the world is entrusted the task of restoring order, guaranteeing freedom and justice, and rehabilitating these long-oppressed portions of the old world empire.

It yet remains to be seen, of course, whether the United States will accept the mandate for the administration of Armenia, but surely the humane and Christian sentiment of the American people will insist that the big republic will not shirk this duty to mankind involved in acceptance of this mandate, and the association of the United States with Great Britain and France in the far removal of one of the World's oldest races. Especially may acceptance by the United States be looked for in view of the keen interest displayed by the American press and people in the territories so long under Turkish tyranny, and the interest in the Jewish people as evidenced by the scathing criticism which has been leveled relative to the decision to leave the Turk in Constantinople. The United States is the first nation to voice criticism of other nations in their attitude towards the Turk in the United States itself refuse to accept any responsibility in the matter.

It is a significant fact that organized labor, both in Great Britain and the United States, is taking the large view in relation to all international problems. The British Labor Party urged the British Government to accept the mandate for Palestine and Mesopotamia, notwithstanding that it will involve large responsibilities and heavy expenses for the British people. And Samuel Gompers, speaking for the American Federation of Labor, declares that "America cannot afford to play the part of a peaceful child in international relations," and that, "the affairs of the world are the concern of the American people, and that there can no longer be 'any such thing as absolute divorce from what transpires elsewhere.'"

The old Turkish empire, the plague spot of the world, is hopelessly shattered. Its dominion over millions of foreign peoples is a reality. The power of evil, with its blood-red trail of murder and rapine, is destroyed. Under its blighting malediction, one of the worst spots of the world was made a desert. Now the hope arises that once again this fruitful section of the world, the cradle of the human race, the Holy Land of the Bible, will blossom and flourish and become the home of a happy, contented and prosperous people, living under the protection of the catinized flags of Great Britain, France and the United States.—Regina Leader.

French Thrift

France Shows That Individual Thrift Makes For National Strength

France belongs to its people. In a population of 40,000,000, some 12,000,000 are householders, of whom 9,000,000 own their own homes. Nearly one half of the area of France is under cultivation, and the small landholder comes nearer being the representative of Frenchness than any other type. The "bonhomme," as he is very hard worker, a heavy producer and a heroic sower. In the same he makes a notable contribution to the national wealth. He is the last year or two. It is worth cultivating for reasons other than those of money considerations. France shows that individual thrift makes for national strength in the time of terrible ordeal.—London Daily News.

A ten or more of oxen had frequently been shod from the tongue of a single wheel.

WHEN IN NEED OF

Plows, Drills, Cultivators
Packers

In fact any kind of Farm Machinery
See

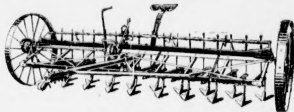
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Pump Co. Windmills and Pumps

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Have You Seen

The International Cultivator
It Gets the Weeds

Indispensable in working stubble or summer fallow
Look it over the next time you are in town.

Phone 10

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Strathmore Shoe Hospital

Workmanship Guaranteed.

C. NERRINGS

PROPRIETOR

It Pays to Operate Your Car With Care

"To get the maximum enjoyment and comfort from your car you must be thoughtful of it," says Harold Bell, dealer in Chevrolet passenger and commercial cars.

"Do not take the motor unnecessarily."

"Be warned by every abnormal noise. If it is a squeak, locate it and lubricate the part. If caused by loose parts, locate them and tighten the bolts."

"Don't tinker. Half the ability to make an adjustment or repair is the ability to discover its necessity."

"If all adjustments are carefully made when needed and every bearing and working part is well lubricated, smooth operations will be continuous with a minimum of attention."

"By neglecting details you may save time at the start, but you will make up for it in the long run."

"Do not maintain too high a speed in driving. The time saved will not offset the liability of accident, nor the extra wear to which the car is subjected. In the end therefore saved this way is a loss in dollars and cents."

"You will find that a normal rate of travel will conserve the life of your car and give you the utmost return in economical service."

"It is not the number of miles covered in a given time that counts most, but the number of miles of travel that can be obtained at the least cost for fuel, oil, tires and adjustments."

HAD A LOT OF SENSE

There was an old greaser and he had a lot of sense. He started up a business on a dollar and eighty cents. The dollar for stock and the eighty for an ad. brought him three lovely dollars in a day, by dad!

Well, he bought more goods and a little more space, and he played that system with a smile on his face.

The customers flocked to his two by four and soon he had to handle for a regular store. Up on the square, where the people pass, he grabbed up a corner that was all plate glass. He fixed up the windows with the best that he had and told them all about it in a half a page ad.

He soon had 'em coming and he never, never quit, and he wouldn't cut back on his ad. one bit. And he's kept his place hanging in the window place, and everybody calls him the Merchant Prince.

Some say it's luck, but that's an opinion—why he was doing business when the times were bank!

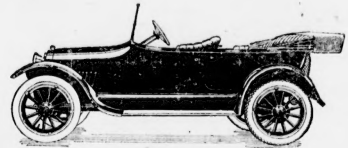
People have to purchase and Greizer was wise for he knew the way to get you was to advertise—Associated Advertisers.

The Product of Experience

Made in Canada

THIS sensible size of the Chevrolet "Four-Ninety"

Touring Car assures both riding comfort and low operating cost. It is a roomy car—three passengers being comfortably accommodated in the back seat. It is heavy enough to hold to the road at all times—light enough to be easy to handle and economical of gasoline and tires. Chevrolet dependability is so well established that you can buy this handsome touring car with entire confidence.



Chevrolet "Four Ninety" Touring Car.

H. W. B. Bell

DEALER IN DODGE BROS. & CHEVROLET MOTOR CARS
COMMERCIAL VEHICLES AND TRUCKS

Tires, Oils and Accessories, carried in stock.

PHONE 31

STRATHMORE

President Beatty on the Y.M.C.A. Work

In a forward to an attractive little pamphlet issued by the Railway Y.M.C.A. of Canada, Mr. E. W. Beatty, President of the C.P.R., pays a tribute to the work of this association.

"The high value of the work," says Mr. Beatty, "of the Young Men's Christian Association in the interest of men and boys has come to be generally and properly recognized, particularly on account of its efforts and accomplishments on behalf of our soldiers during the recent world war."

"Among the various spheres of the Association's activities not the least valuable is the work of the Railway Branches which minister to the intellectual, the social, the moral and the physical needs of railway men irrespective of race or creed."

"The inception of this work on the Canadian Pacific Railway dates back to 1906 when the building at Revelstoke B. C. was erected, and so well satisfied were the Company's officers with the experiment tried there that 9 additional branch associations have since been established. These provide some surroundings and comforts for the men in train service when away from home and to many employees located at outlying points they afford the only home facilities that are available to them."

"It is not only that good meals and clean beds and baths are provided, but the educational advantages, the recreational facilities and the opportunities for social intercourse among wholesome surroundings must necessarily contribute to the well being of the men and benefit the community in which they live, and the Company with which they are employed."

"The eminently satisfactory results of this work of the Canadian Pacific lines in the past for which I desire to express my admiration and appreciation, have without doubt been achieved through the earnest and cordial co-operation of the Company's employees and staff and with the continuance of their united efforts the future success of the work can, I feel sure, be confidently entrusted to them."

The Railway Y.M.C.A. provided 140,000 beds to railway men and served 225,000 meals in 1919. Its buildings are valued at \$500,000.

HUSSAR NOTES

Service and Hansen are doing a good repair and general garage business, having almost more to do than they can find time for.

A Faury and A. Fournier are putting R Warburton's pool room building in shape.

Mrs. Whitman, the wife of the chief engineer of the Soo line arrived last week and is the guest of the J. P. Tasker family.

The total amount of the 1919 crop of grain handled at the Hussar ship piling point is now over 400,000 bushels and possibly an additional 25,000 bushels will be shipped yet this spring.

Wholesome Bread

MADE BY THE

STRATHMORE BAKERY

MAKERS OF THE BETTER BREAD

2 Loaves For 25 Cents

Phone 14.

Box 110

P.O. Box 25 Phone 39 Strathmore Motors

Oils and Greases

If you are going to buy
Tires, see me.

DUNLOP & DOMINION

Expert Repairmen Employed

See us before starting your
car on its hard years
work

**IF YOU HAVE ELECTRICAL
TROUBLE WE CAN
FIX IT**

STEAM · HEATED GARAGE

Phone 39

John W Work, Prop



Bargains in Used Cars

We have a number of second
hand cars for sale, in good
condition, good buys at the prices

Roadster, 450.00
With seat covers, oversize tires traction tread in rear,
completely overhauled

1917 Touring Car \$425.00

1918 Touring Car 450.00

1918 Touring Car 475.00

Ford with truck body 350.00

LOOK THEM OVER

THE FORD GARAGE

W. C. Brown, Local Dealer

Save Your Coupons at Rexall Drug Store and Get Subscriptions For the Strathmore Standard

\$500 WORTH OF PREMIUMS

For the 1,000 candidates receiving a greatest number of coupon votes by August 14th, 1920. It costs nothing to enter and nothing but your time to win. If you are not interested simply nominate a friend. Use the coupon below.

Style No. 1 STARR PHOTOGRAPH, actual cash value \$225.00, and \$250.00 worth of RECORDS, your own choice, absolutely free.
SECOND PRIZE—A dot bill for \$125.00, to apply as part payment on a Number 1 Starr Photograph.
THIRD PRIZE—A dot bill for \$75.00 to apply as above.
FOURTH PRIZE—A dot bill for \$50.00 to apply as above.
Also 7 Jewel Gold Watch, Ladies Brooch, Bedroom Clock and two Neckties.

DESCRIPTION OF STAR PHOTOGRAPH No. 1

Oak, Walnut or Mahogany. Height 14 inches. Width 20 1/2 inches. Depth 28 3/4 inches. Adjustable arm for playing all disc records; high grade, silent, Starr-Made Motor; twelve-inch turntable; speed control; tone regulator; nickel-plated hard ware; two packages sent needed; ample record time space. These photographs are now on exhibition at the Rexall Drug Store, Strathmore.

What Will Win You These Prizes

Subscriptions obtained for the Strathmore Standard and goods purchased at the Rexall Drug Store, Strathmore will obtain these prizes.

Every dollar's worth of goods purchased at the Rexall Drug Store counts 100 votes. New subscriptions, from January 1st to August 14th, 1920, within radius of 25 miles from Strathmore 200 votes; new subscribers outside that radius 1500 votes; 2 years subscription, any location 4500 votes; 3 years subscription, any location, 7500 votes.

There will also be given away a GENTS GOLD WATCH to the person who nominates the winner, so that it pays to nominate.

Contest Manager, W. M. MARSHALL, Rexall Drug Store
Who will answer all enquiries.

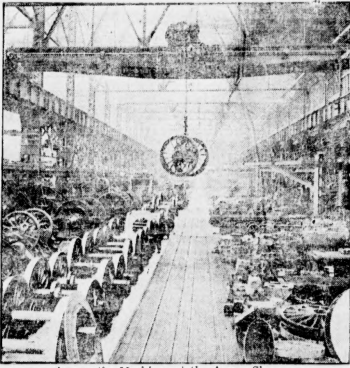
Senators View Great C.P.R. Works

The Hon. Senator Willie was the host of an interesting party to the C.P.R. Angus Shops at Montreal recently. In the party were Senator Robertson, Minister of Labor; Hon. Hewitt Bostock, leader of the Opposition in the Senate; and Senators Willoughby, Tupper, Schaffner, Fowler, Bennett, Murphy, Fisher, Blain, McMeun, Watson and Proudfoot, and Major John Macdonald and Arthur Blanes. The object of the visit was to further acquaint the Senators with the great industrial development in the Province of Quebec. They were met at the shops by the officials in charge of these great works.

The party was present when the great works closed for noon and it was a wonderful sight to see the thousands of employees coming out of the works. Some conception of the immensity of this enterprise can be grasped from the fact that the area of the works is 100 acres. The area of the works is 100 acres. The area of the works is 100 acres.

Senator O'Brien Robertson, Minister of Labor, was the first to speak. He said of the visit: "It is eleven years since I last saw the works. The development is simply amazing. I am glad I have no appreciation of the immensity of the enterprise. What most impressed me was the wonderful efficiency of the employees. I never saw an idle man and I believe we are striving to give a fair day's work. I am glad the relationship between the company and its employees is of such a cordial character."

Hon. Hewitt Bostock also was deeply interested and appreciative of the work of the employees. "One thinks of the Canadian Pacific Railway as a great enterprise in all the important centres of the world, but cannot realize the extent of the work. The Angus shops, the annual production of the works, the maintenance of the rolling stock, the system generally, is a most important factor in the life of the country. It is an efficient service. What these shops are the principal shops of the railway they are as necessary as the shops where repairs are made. The extensive work of building the first thing to attract attention of the party was the situation of the works in the city of Montreal. It is a most interesting sight to see the works in the city of Montreal. It is a most interesting sight to see the works in the city of Montreal.



Among the Machines at the Angus Shops.

men who worked in the shops before serving at the front, but for many others who had not worked for the company before, the policy of the management being to give a preference to the returned soldiers. "At the commencement of the war some of the shops were closed, but making munitions and were the most important work of the war. The Imperial Munitions Board, a number of women being employed for this work, but as soon as it was possible to get the supply of ammunition, the shops were closed. The work was made as quick as possible, as far as repairs of work had to be overhauled. "The whole tone of the shops and the way that the work was being carried on bespoke a good understanding and co-operation between the men and the management. One would go a long way before seeing a more active body of men than these who came out of work at noon, largely men, no doubt, in the position of simple athletic grounds and good sportsmen. "The whole tone of the shops and the way that the work was being carried on bespoke a good understanding and co-operation between the men and the management. One would go a long way before seeing a more active body of men than these who came out of work at noon, largely men, no doubt, in the position of simple athletic grounds and good sportsmen.

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Advertising the Dominion

Next year the regular census of Canada will be made in accordance with the provisions in the British North America Act which stipulates that it shall take place under the direction of the Dominion government every ten years.

In advance of this, the Department of Trade and Commerce at Ottawa has issued an estimate of the present population which shows that the number of inhabitants of this mighty Dominion falls considerably short of nine millions or about one twentieth that of our neighbors the United States, who boasts a population of over one hundred and twelve million.

This state of affairs is a very serious thing for the Dominion, as the stagnation of a country's population inevitably means that the country laboring under such disability is heading towards economic disaster. Canada is a country of vast agricultural and mineral wealth, the exploration of her resources has been neglected principally on account of the lack of well directed propaganda disseminated with a view of giving immigrants, manufacturers, capitalists, and industries, sound, intelligent and comprehensive information in regard to the opportunities which abound.

In advertising the multitudes of facts relative to the subject under notice, no better aid could be enlisted than that of the moving picture film, allowing as it does of the graphic presentation of every phase in such manner as never could be attained by the use of old type.

Some years ago the Dominion government created a moving picture bureau which had pictures taken of many of Canada's national industries for exhibition in British and other sources of immigration.

The Hearst Government also established a bureau which procured many fine films of an industrial and scenic character, but so far there has been no movement to compel the theatre owners to exhibit the films, which is of course the essential part of the whole business.

The British Columbia Government, however, have moved in the right direction by introducing in the Legislature a measure requiring all moving picture theatres to exhibit for fifteen minutes during each performance films provided by the Provincial Bureau. These films will be of an educative character illustrating the natural resources and economies and industrial products of British Columbia, and also dealing with general Canadian events of interest.

The measure now before the British Columbia Legislature is a very wise and commendable step on the part of the Government and sets an example for the other provinces could very profitably adopt to follow.

As a rule the attraction of this class of picture has induced theatre managers to voluntarily present these interest-spensed between regular films, but, as previously pointed out, no one is compelled to present them, and the only appeal is lost to thousands to whom they would convey helpful knowledge and ideas.

Provincial, Municipal and Municipal governments are not making the advertising use of their films which being attractive the use of the film must be effective, but the British Columbia government has pointed the way, and it is to be hoped that before long the rest of the province will follow suit.

In advertising the Dominion by films, the Ford Motor Company of Canada Limited rank among the pioneers. For close on five years this firm has maintained a moving picture laboratory from whence a very superior class of pictures, depicting the scenic and industrial life of Canada, is distributed throughout the length and breadth of the Dominion, the circulator of the films is the Dominion, the circulator of the films is the Dominion, the circulator of the films is the Dominion.

At the present time the Company have two motion picture photographs travelling from coast to coast and the Dominion seeking topical material for reproduction.

Chancellor News

Mr. Mutch who was temporarily installed as station agent at Chancellor, has been relieved by Mr. Landry, formerly of Red Deer. Mr. Landry has been successful in securing the Dominion Express agency at this point.

The Chancellor and Hearst circuit has been successful in obtaining a station for the coming year in the person of Mr. Marshall, a student pastor from California. The Chancellor service will be held every alternate Sunday commencing May 23rd, at the Sunny Field School House at 9:30 a.m. Sunday School will be held as usual take place under the direction of the Dominion government every ten years.

Mr. Fred Wherry is working in the Mackintosh's shop for the summer season.

Seeding throughout the district is now almost completed and the grain in many fields is in a beautiful condition.

Mr. Fred Christensen of Standard will re-commence his journey to Chicago with fresh meat every Tuesday and Friday commencing this week until further notice.

Mrs. W. Maloney, after a short stay in town, returned to Calgary on Tuesday.

THE STAR RESTAURANT STRATHMORE.

Service. Improved considerably. Quality. Just our "The Best" PRICES. They don't need an inquiry. Cooking. 'Just try it once, you'll be back again for more.' Our Special Dinner at 40 cents. Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobacco. Full line of Hot and Soft drinks and we employ only white help.

DIXON

PHONE R 720 Langdon.

Watch This Space Next Week

Dalemead, Alta

THE FORD HOSPITAL

Every operation performed on Fords and cure of all ills guaranteed.

Where overhauling not necessary, Chiropractic treatment given to fix up plugs, carburetors, and as a tonic to get the best service, I advise you to use "White Lily Gas and Polmarine Oils."

Give us a trial.

G. C. OLDHAM.

The Garage,

Carlsland.

Spring may not be here yet but we're here with an up-to-date stock in the following lines:

Every thing for Spring Clean-up—Paints, Cal-somines, Varnishes and brushes.

O' Cedar Polish Mops,

Brooms, up from 90¢

SPECIAL

New Solid Copper Boilers \$9.25

Hill Hardware

Carlsland

Albarta

PIONEER MEAT MARKET

Fresh Meats of all Kinds

Highest Prices Paid for

Hogs, Calves, Poultry and Thides

GEO. SNAITH

Proprietor

Only One Way In Which to Remedy the Teacher Shortage

According to ex-Secretary Lane, of the Interior Department, last year in this country 145,000 public school teachers resigned their places. In Mr. Lane's words, the public school, "the greatest bulwark against the spread of Bolshevism," is crumbling. The cause lies in the fact that teachers' salaries have not kept pace with the increased cost of living.

We cannot blame teachers for leaving their places. Their ability to procure the necessities of life at prevailing prices depends on getting a job paying considerably more than they can hope to get by sticking to school teaching.

And this is not the worst. To the extent of things, as Mr. Lane adds, it is the ablest and most versatile of the teachers who have gone out from the schools.

So far 1933 has only accentuated the history of 1919. In Philadelphia, for instance, the situation is so bad, that in its public schools nearly 100 substitute teachers are needed; more than 5,000 children have been forced either to leave school or to receive only part-time instruction. In St.

Louis about 100 teachers have resigned to enter commercial life and in Memphis certainly an equal number. In New Orleans the teachers received a 30 percent salary increase in February last and their resignations have fallen off. The same is true of San Francisco.

In the autumn of 1919 and the winter of 1920 in New York city, over a thousand teachers resigned. By the end of February some 3,000 classes were teacherless and 118,000 children were sent home. In the attempt to remedy the teacher shortage in both state and city, the Public Education Association appointed a special committee of 100 eminent citizens to urge the passage of appropriate legislation. "Two salary increase bills are before the legislature at Albany; the other would increase the higher grade teachers about 20 percent, the lower grade about 40 percent. The other would provide not percentages but flat increases for all teachers. The minimum salary in the first bill would be \$1,600, in the second \$1,600. The Public Education Association is supporting the second bill."—New York Outlook.

Power Resources Of British Columbia

One of the Greatest Industrial Assets This Province Contains

The water power wealth of British Columbia is said, equal to five Niagara, is one of the greatest industrial assets this province contains. Pouring down from the mountains and from the glaciers that fill the gorges of the northern ranges, enough water every day to develop electrical power equivalent to three million of horsepower. This figure is not based on good conditions, but is the estimate arrived at by government engineers working during low water stages and using a conservative method of estimate. The mighty falls of Niagara, when all the water that is available on the Canadian side has been harnessed to the turbine will produce only 650,000 horsepower. British Columbia's mighty rivers and mountain torrents, if they are harnessed, will supply its homes and industries with nearly five times as much power.

When it is remembered that only 125,000 electric horsepower can be developed by the plans which are at present supplying Vancouver, New Westminster and the rest of the British Columbia in the vicinity with power which drives the motors in the mills and factories, propels the street cars along the city streets and far out into the country, provides lights for the city's streets and houses, and the rest for the up-to-date industries, it can be easily understood that the total water power available in the province is sufficient to provide power, light and heat for 40 cities and industrial centres of the size of Greater Vancouver and New Westminster all combined. British Columbia is one of the liquid wealth that pours down from the hills the equivalent to five Niagara, with all that this means for the future of the province, industrially when these waters are harnessed and turned to the needs of men.

Exchange and Production

Accurate Barometer Of International Trade Situation

The fluctuating rate of exchange, inconvenient as it may be, is on the whole, an accurate barometer of the international trade situation.

A dollar bill is only a promise to pay and is valueless unless redeemable. Gold, however, is not only a commodity with which it can be honored, but it can be redeemed with wheat, pulp, lumber, fish, coal, anything at all of which the country is producing a surplus for export. The way to right adverse exchange is to speed up production, so that we can pay for all the goods imported with other goods exported. Retrenchment, that is, the cutting of expenditures on unnecessary articles of luxury, will help.

Grazing Grounds for Reindeer

As a result of the recommendations made to the government by the commission headed by Dr. J. G. Rutherford, an order has been passed setting aside three islands in the Northwest territories as grazing grounds for muskoxen and reindeer. The three islands named, Southampton, Mansel and Goss's, are all favorably situated with plenty of food and suitable climate.

Latent Value of Our Straw Stacks

Increasing Values of Products Made Utilization of Western Straw Feasible

Burning straw-stacks are a familiar sight to the Western traveller. At present there is a seemingly endless method of disposing of this by-product of the grain harvest.

Investigations as to the possibility of using the straw as a raw material in manufacture were undertaken some years ago by different interests, but the same conclusion was reached in each case. The cost of transporting the straw to a central point was more than the traffic would bear, the cost of manufacturing precluded competition in the open market, and, consequently, the use of the western straw under the transportation handicap is not a commercially proposed. This was especially the case in the manufacture of strawboard. In 1913 straw board priced from \$25 to \$30 per ton. There was little demand for this product in the west, and, at the above price, it could not compete in the east. One leading eastern paper industry which, some years ago, carefully considered the possibilities of establishing a strawboard plant in the West, recently stated that, under present conditions, with strawboard selling at \$85 to \$90 a ton, such a factory could be made a profitable industry.

The rising cost and necessity for conserving our pulpwood supply suggest that any material capable of being used as a substitute should be developed. Strawboard is a short-fibered material, made of straw, and its strength and building qualities are required, but there are many uses for which it is entirely satisfactory. In 1918 Canada imported 100,000 tons of strawboard, equal to the output of a mill producing 15 tons per day. Non-Canadians manufactured the strawboard we imported, and we paid them for doing so, while we burned our own straw.

The Shelter Belt

III Effects of Wind on Crops, Livestock and Personal Comfort

The value of the shelter afforded by trees on a farm is not fully appreciated. Too frequently the settler in a wooded district are not satisfied with the trees as they are, and only when the country becomes generally cleared and the soil loosened up by cultivation do they realize the ill effects of the wind on their crops, livestock and personal comfort.

The value of the shelter afforded by trees on a farm is not fully appreciated. Too frequently the settler in a wooded district are not satisfied with the trees as they are, and only when the country becomes generally cleared and the soil loosened up by cultivation do they realize the ill effects of the wind on their crops, livestock and personal comfort. Many who have made this mistake have later had to resort to the use of windbreaks to replace the shelter which nature had provided. Heats of trees, judiciously placed, protect the soil from erosion, drying, afford desirable shade for stock, especially for young animals, and make it possible to grow fruit trees and ornamental plants that cannot otherwise be grown in the open. This is especially true in the Prairie provinces. The windbreak of fuel can be made an important function of the shelter belt, without reducing its value as a windbreak.

Settlers engaged in the clearing of a portion of the prairie provinces and northern Ontario, should be strongly advised to leave strips of bush at least along the western sides of their farms unless other locations are more suitable to the topography. Shelter belts should also be left around the buildings and gardens. A space of at least 300 feet should be left between the shelter belts and the buildings to prevent the drifting of snow around the buildings.

To Fight Hopper Pest

United Farmers of Alberta Pay Special Attention to the Question

The United Farmers of Alberta are paying special attention to the problem of the plague of grasshoppers that was reported last year in various parts of the province, and that organization has received letters from H. H. Strickland, entomologist in charge of the Dominion Laboratory at Ottawa, in which he states that the outbreak last year was confined to the area to the south and west of Lethbridge.

Mr. Strickland states that he is arranging with the provincial government for the purchase of material for spraying. He states that the grasshoppers should there be an outbreak this year.

Old Salt—Yes, I'll tell you the old of the ship, and a shark came along and grabbed me by the leg.

Victims—Good gracious! And what did you do?

Old Salt—Well, I'm 'ave the leg, 'o course. I never again with sharks—Chick.

Gardening For Schools

School Garden A Big Classroom For Outdoor Instruction

Gardening is systematically carried on by the public schools of many Canadian cities as part of the educational course. Dr. J. H. Putnam, senior inspector for Ontario public schools, in the March number of the Agricultural Gazette published by the department of agriculture at Ottawa, describes the system under which this work is done in the Capital City.

The school garden is referred to as a big classroom for outdoor instruction in plants and plant life. It has many of the possibilities in miniature of an experimental farm. It has to do with the composition and fertility of soils, with drainage, with seed germination and with insect enemies of plants. It shows in a way that cannot be questioned the effect upon plants of too much or too little sunshine or moisture and the bad effects of weeds and the necessity of giving a plant plenty of room if we wish to secure a high state of development. Through a garden where the children dig, weed, sow, and plant, they learn the value of things, while the children are recited from books or told by teachers. These things taught through a garden where the children dig, weed, sow, and plant, they learn the value of things, while the children are recited from books or told by teachers. These things taught through a garden where the children dig, weed, sow, and plant, they learn the value of things, while the children are recited from books or told by teachers.

In addition to a central garden of one acre the Ottawa plan involves the organization of home garden clubs, each representing a school. In the three years, 1917-18 and 1919, about 1,000 pupils from second and third grades, and the fourth and fifth grades, received practical training in gardening. The school board paid \$40 to each teacher who managed a club garden. Every pupil member was required to keep an accurate record of planting, cultivating and other activities. The aim is to grow everything possible for food. Cabbage, cauliflower, to be valuable addition to the equipment. In the central garden, instead of giving pupils very small individual plots, a plot 25 by 45 feet for vegetables and 16 by 20 feet for flowers is given to each class. This gives the pupils a more practical knowledge of the possibilities of the soil. The school board has established a permanent border established which will give a succession of bloom as well as an opportunity to show the children that they may have in their own home garden.

The Farm and the City

Farm System Must Be Brought to a Head

During the past month there has been an abnormal number of auction sales in the country. In most cases the reason given for disposing of livestock is the lack and high price of feed. The price of feed has increased to the city continues, and it looks as though prices of produce will go still higher. The quantity will decrease, and apparently the return on farming is not as attractive as was offered by the shops in the cities. The farmer is obviously anxious to get his city and either city wages must drop or farm prices go up. The farm laborers are justified in refusing to work for less than 10 cents a day for wages below that paid in the cities, and the farmer finds himself hard put to get his produce to the city. The farmer must be made to pay enough so that for the same number of hours wages on a farm with the cities can be paid. Farm system efficiency must be on one with the factories or unequal conditions will cause serious complications which will affect the whole of the country. The day has passed when a farmer could keep his sons on the farm and work them as hired men without pay—from the Hamilton, Ont., Gleason.

Trace Convicts by Airplane

Recaptured criminals from Manitoba will in future be trailed by airplanes. Best-Colt, J. G. Ratway, chief of the Manitoba department of corrections, has decided in making the announcement. Colonel Ratway stated that it would be possible this way to trace the movements of convicts across country very easily by the railways. Arrangements had been made for a local airplane company to hold a permit to fly over the province, and the police department, should the need arise.

Aerial Transport

The Aerial Transport Company have secured sites at Tuxedo, Winnipeg, and plans are being prepared for the construction of a large terminal. The company is also being called for the erection of a hangar at Kenora, Ont.

What's In A Name

He—May I call you by your first name?

She—By your last name, if you will—'S'—Second.

W. N. L. 1315

War-Stricken Europe Slowly Recovering from The Shock of War

"The wailing woe of Europe are gradually healing and the San Remo conference marks a distinct step in its convalescence," said Premier Lloyd George in closing his speech in the house of commons, detailing the results of what he described as "the peace treaty, especially its disarmament clause, and against any French annexation of German territory."

The premier's statement was most optimistic, setting forth the claim that the conference had removed all misunderstanding between France and England, and that the allies were in complete agreement not only to enforce the treaty, especially its disarmament clause, but against any French annexation of German territory.

"For," added the premier, "we cannot have another Alsace-Lorraine." Mr. Lloyd George further indicated that if Germany brought definite proposals to the Spa conference concerning the amount of indemnity she was to receive, and if she would be treated with consideration to the premier dealt mainly with Germany. He referred to the German government's hesitancy in getting its decision speeded and emphasized that the German

was "a broken-backed people" whose

"We have information from British officers," he continued, "that there is famine in the land and that many people are dying of starvation." He expressed the conviction that "people of neither Germany nor France wanted militarism. Dealing with the Turkish treaty he added little to what is already known from M. Millerand's speech, and declared that neither Great Britain, France or Italy was able to undertake the mandate for Armenia because that would have involved heavy military resources for a conquest. If the Armenians were to have anything more than a "paper Armenia."

The premier confirmed that the League mandate would include Mosul, and that the conference had reaffirmed its decision to open trade with Turkey. "If the U.S. found it impossible to undertake the responsibility of Armenia the whole position, the premier said, would require reconsideration, and England would have to take a hand in helping the Armenians to save themselves from their difficult and perilous task."

Great Wealth of Northern Manitoba

Action To Be Taken in the Development of Large Pulp Resources

Prof. R. C. Wallace, commissioner of Northern Manitoba, says that comprehensive development in mining, lumbering and pulpwood production are under way in Northern Manitoba, and the big changes are expected to be made during the summer.

The Pulp Lumber Company, a \$1,000,000 concern, has started several large projects in the Canadian Shield district and the mill at the Pulp is being enlarged to meet requirements. The logs, while cut in Saskatchewan territory, are floated down the Pulp for manufacture into lumber.

Action is also expected to be taken in the development of the large pulp resources. An Ottawa syndicate has held concessions here for some time. The Pulp Lumber Company has established a water power project located during the present year. As to mining operations, the company, "operating on a large scale," is planning to develop the Film Film syndicate. Large numbers of prospectors are preparing to go to the mineral area as soon as conditions permit travel.

A Profitable Exchange

Iowa Farmer Seizes Land in Saskatchewan Without Land in Saskatchewan

Due to the exchange rate between Canada and the United States, an American farmer recently purchased a large tract of land in Saskatchewan, which cost him absolutely nothing; he had sold his farm in Iowa for \$300 and on his arrival here, found that the existing rate of exchange gave him \$345 for every \$100 he had brought over. In this district he found a farm of 160 acres, which he sold for \$345, and after completing his purchase, had exactly the same amount of money in hand for which he sold his farm in Iowa, and possessing a fine Canadian farm, he has written to his friends in the States, and claims that his experience is likely to induce a great many more mid-western American farmers to take up land in Western Canada.

The Way To Do It

People Must Avoid Extravagance To Bring Prices Down

Speaking at a luncheon in London, England, given by the British Association of Trade and Technical Journalists, Sir Auckland Geddes, formerly president of the British Board of Trade, and now ambassador to the United States, said in part: "Cheap prices cannot be enjoyed again until the whole world is restored with 'good goods.' The government's interest is to get prices down, and it can be relied upon to play its part but all the while and wares in the market have a part to play also to cut down the consumption of goods to the lowest possible level; avoid all extravagance, and to work their hardest at their job, so that the output of our factories and the efficiency of our commercial and industrial and agricultural organizations may be brought to the highest level of efficiency of which we are capable."—St. Thomas's News Journal.

General Aviation Dept.

Gen. J. H. Doolittle, a member of the cabinet, has been appointed to the post of general aviation director in the Department of the Interior. He is a former member of the House of Representatives, and has been active in the aviation field. He is a former member of the House of Representatives, and has been active in the aviation field. He is a former member of the House of Representatives, and has been active in the aviation field.

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Standard News Items

H. Halkier has been home from Wayne for a few days.

Miss R. E. Brown was home from Calgary for a few days.

C. P. Dahl recently purchased a 20-40 Runney Oil Tank engine from the local dealer.

Born on Sunday, May 23 to Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Hansen, a son.

S. T. Hansen recently bought home a new Chevrolet car from Calgary.

Glebe's Sports Day is on June 10.

J. B. Deschamps was a recent visitor to Calgary.

Mrs. Peterson is putting the Standard Restaurant into first-class shape. Accommodation for the traveling public are considerably better at the present time than they were a few months ago.

W. Jensen is back at road work for the municipality, and is effecting improvement on the roads close to town.

Oscar Peterson has taken up residence in town, being now P. M. Olsen's nearest neighbor.

The blacksmiths of this section of the country held a conference at Lissano a few days ago, and a unified schedule of prices was adopted.

CELEBRATE KING'S BIRTHDAY

JUNE 3.

A telegram from Thomas Mulvey, under-secretary of state, Ottawa, with reference to the King's birthday celebration, as follows: It is His Majesty's wish that his birthday should be celebrated on June the 3rd in every dominion, colony and protectorate. The nature of the ceremonies to be observed will be left to the discretion of the King's representatives and inhabitants, but His Majesty does not wish any unnecessary expense to be incurred. The celebration of His Majesty's birthday in the United Kingdom will be observed on June 5th.

The case of having too much "goods that cheer," was tried before Justice Lambert, on Monday last, and the defendant was fined \$10.00 and costs. Motto—"Never let your stock pile up."

Will the many friends who have shown their sympathy during my sickness by their many acts and kindly thoughts accept the heartfelt thanks of Mrs. Lait and myself.

C. S. B. LAIT

STALLION CARDS

If you have a horse get service card your cards and certificates printed by the in quick time, on good cardboard, at a reasonable price.

Strathmore and Bow Valley Standard

HIRTLE & CAINE

Building Contractors

Estimates Gladly Given on all kinds of Building or Carpenter work.

We will assist you with your plans for any kind of building.

PHONE 47

STRATHMORE ALBERTA

Local Holdings

OF LOCAL INTEREST
Readers are requested to send in items for this column not later than 12 o'clock Monday noon preceding day of publication. All text news items are welcomed by the Standard. Phone 17 or 68.

The editor of the Standard left on Sunday to attend the session of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association at Toronto, June 2nd and 3rd. He will probably be back June 5th. In the meantime the Standard will appear regularly.

Mr. Thos. Wright, of Calgary was a visitor in Strathmore this week.

Strathmore Lodge A.F. & A.M. No. 53 will attend divine service at St. Michael's Church, on the Festival of St. John the Baptist on Sunday June 27th.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Cole, of Calgary, were visitors in town last week.

Mr. J. Thompson was in Calgary over the week end.

A special attraction is being provided by Mr. Maxwell in the opera house on Wednesday evening, June 3rd, when a seven production of "Come Parents' last play: "Where are My Children," will be given. The movies are still attracting large audiences weekly.

Mrs. John Mackenzie left on Sunday last to spend a few days in the city with friends.

Mr. Robt. C. Campbell, has recently purchased the stock and business of the Nightingale Trading Co. and in future will carry on business at that point. Mr. Campbell has been in the Nightingale district for the past two years and should make good in his new venture.

C. R. Price of Nightingale is out every morning watching Capt. McCaffly over the district. Wonder what his intentions are?

Readers will note that the Standard now consists of twelve pages weekly. We are publishing same amount of local news as formerly, but have concluded an advantageous arrangement with a ready print concern for a year's supply of paper which enables us to give the additional pages of general news.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Watson, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Butler contemplate taking in the Shriners Convention at Portland, Oregon. They intend leaving here on the 14th, journeying to Edmonton where they will entrain with the Regina and Edmonton branch for Prince Rupert thence by boat to Victoria, Seattle and Portland. It is estimated that seventeen train loads of Shriners from Eastern Canada and the States will journey through Calgary on their way to Portland.

The G.W.A.A. concert to be held on the 21st of June, is now in active preparation. It will be a grand concert with a very beautiful sketch following. An enjoyable dance will follow. Tickets will be on sale next week.

Mr. Bosch of the firm of Bosch & Fox has rented the Jenkin's property, and will reside there as soon as Mrs. Bosch and family arrive in Strathmore.

Ladies Aid of the Catholic Church are holding a sale of cooked food, sewing, etc. June 26th.

C. H. Robinson, of Strathmore, motorist through to Morris on Sunday last to visit his mother. Elsie Robinson of the Monarch mine accompanied him. Miss Drummler.

We have the completion of the story "Pilling His Own Shack" at the Standard Office. Some of our readers have expressed a desire to read the finish of this story, and if they call we will let them have the story.

The Imperial Oil Co. starts an educational advertising campaign in the hope that everyone should read carefully. Wm. McConnell is the chief agent.

The Ladies Aid of the Union Church will meet at the home of Mrs. Zerkle, Thursday, June 2nd. All members cordially invited.

NEW U.F.A. LOCAL FORMED AT STRATHMORE

A new local of the United Farmers of Alberta was formed at Strathmore with George Caine, president, J. Thome, vice-president and A. Allen, secretary. Gordon Power, director of the U.F.A. for Bow Valley, was organizer and about 15 members are included in the list of the new local.

Oh! You H. C. L.

There is nothing to it when you can get a semi-fine Shoe for

\$5.95

These shoes are made of black grain leather, standard screw soles, and are a real economy. Sizes 6 to 10. Get 'em from

DOBSON'S

Men's Outfitter, Strathmore

Baseball News

The game between Crowsnest and Strathmore on the local grounds last night on Sunday last on account of the rising weather.

Gleichen crosses bats with the local nine here on Thursday, the King's Birthday. The game is called for six p.m.

The following players will represent Strathmore:
Smith, center field.
Venus, 2nd base.
Knight, 3rd base.
Kinnison, catcher.
Boyles, right field.
Laddick, left field.
Grider, short stop.
Bushman, 1st base.
Brown, pitcher.

The new bleachers will be erected in time for this game and will accommodate about one hundred and fifty people, so come early and secure a good seat. A good game is expected between these old rivals. To be a booster of the ball team you have to attend and root, so be there on time.

The local nine will journey to Rockyford on Sunday, June 6th, to play the Rockyford aggregation of that place. Game called at 3:30. The management wishes that all who can will accompany the team to Rockyford on Sunday.

If arrangements permit an expected Youngstown nine will see professional ball played on the local diamond on June 25, when the Calgary Bronks and Winnipeg Maroons play a game of the Western Canada League Exchange.

F. T. McELHOES
The Land Man

If you wish to buy or sell, see me.

We are in touch with the best prospects, and have large listings.

Phone Office 36, Res. 13.
STRATHMORE

TRAIN SERVICE

Strathmore, Effective May 2nd.
No. 4 Eastbound 3:51 p.m.
No. 5 Westbound 6:02 a.m.
Trans-Canada
No. 6 Eastbound in Calgary 4:10 p.m.
No. 7 Westbound in Calgary 10:05 a.m.

Weather Report

Supplied by C. P. Irrigation Dept.

Date	Min	Max	Precipitation
From May 25th to May 31st			
24	56.5	52.5	
25	24.7	62.1	
26	37.2	67.2	
27	35.2	62.8	
28	30.6	57.3	
29	32.2	57.7	
30	35.4	59.9	

BUY A FARM
BUY TOWN LOTS

Make a lease for yourself. I have some very nice Town Lots for sale, owned by the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. Township Department.

See Me
F. R. LILLY
Agent for C.P.R. Township.
STRATHMORE

STRATHMORE
JEWELRY STORE

B. DAVIS

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver, Ware Cut Glass, Optical Goods
Expert Repairing
Marriage Licenses Issued

E. E. ZERKLE
COAL DEALER

Get Coal Always on Hand
Imperial Oils & Gasoline
Phone 32 Strathmore

BEACH & FOX

Phone 28

Phone 28

HOLE PROOF SILK HOSE

You don't have to pay LUXURY Tax on these Holeproof Hosiery in Black, White and all colors, per pair **\$2.00**
The advertised price of these stockings is \$3.00 plus the Luxury Tax.

CHILDREN AND MISSES STRAW HATS

Just unpacked, some very pretty models at exceptionally low prices. They run from **85c to \$2.75**
Little Boys Wash Hats, up from **50c**
New shipment of Infants Summer Bonnets in Silk, Satin and Poplin from **95c to \$2.25**

LADIES WHITE VOILE WAISTS

Prettily trimmed with Lace & Tucks **\$4.75 to \$6.50**
A good quality Habutai Silk Waist, very special **\$6.95**
A limited stock of these

LADIES PETTICOATS

In Great Variety

Black Satin Underskirt **\$1.75**
Colored Mercer Underskirts **\$2.95**
Fancy Figured Satin Underskirts **\$3.50 & \$3.75**
Fancy Silk Petticoats **\$4.95**
Hot Taffeta Silk Petticoats **\$8.75**

RAINCOATS

are seasonable now. Have you seen our stock of Stylish Coats, all prices From **\$6.95 to \$35.00**

FRESH VEGETABLES

Fresh Shipment Daily

Asparagus
Spinach
Rhubarb
Tomatoes

Leaf Lettuce
Head Lettuce
Green Onions
Radishes
Cabbage

FRESH FRUIT

Bananas
Oranges
Pineapples
Strawberries
Grape Fruit
Apples
Lemons
Coconuts

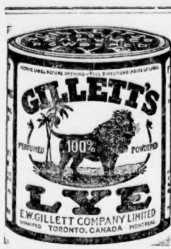
Ring up 28 and order what you require fresh, as it comes in.

WE NOW HAVE IN STOCK

Cabbage Plants, per 100 **\$1.25**
Cauliflower Plants, per 100 **\$1.75**
While they last we are selling Onion Sets at, per pound **25c**
Multiplying, per pound **20c**

They won't last long so secure your requirements at once.

Strathmore's Departmental Store



On Our Western Farms

Announcement by the Canadian Wheat Board that the wheat partition certificates issued by it to the farmers will, it is estimated, be worth not less than forty cents a bushel, came as a welcome surprise to the wheat growers of the country. People who have followed the operations of the Board were confident that these certificates would prove of great and substantial value, but they hardly expected a forty-cent per bushel value. This sum, added to the partial payment on the basis of \$2.15 for No. 1 Northern at Fort William, brings the Canadian fixed price well above the guaranteed minimum price in the U. S., and it is believed by many that in the final outturn the average price received by Canadian farmers will be equal to the average received by the United States farmers.

The announcement makes what when final settlement is made with the farmers for their 1919 crop a distribution of something like \$75,000,000 will take place. The first prairie provinces will, of course, receive the bulk of this large sum. It will mean much to the farmers who are giving an added impetus to production throughout the West, and provides a strong argument for a continuance of the policy of national marketing of wheat, at least so long as the European importing countries maintain national buying and selling. The farmers who followed the advice tendered in this column last year to retain possession of their participation certificates, and not dispose of them to speculators for a nominal sum at a time when their value was problematical, have good reason to congratulate themselves.

At no less than three different conferences to be held this summer the problem occasioned by successive crop failures in the drought affected areas of the West will receive careful consideration, with the object of endeavoring to ascertain the best methods whereby this disability may be overcome. One such conference will be attended by officials of each of the provincial Departments of Agriculture of the prairie provinces, and will be held in Winnipeg, July 14 to 18, under the auspices of the Canadian Commission of Conservation. The conference will, to be attended by experts and farmers who have succeeded in the dry areas when most of their neighbors have failed, and will be held at Strathmore, under the joint auspices of the provincial Department of Agriculture and the province of Alberta. The subject will also be considered at the last settlement conference to be held in Regina from June 10 to 11, at which there will be present representatives of the four Western provinces, the Dominion government, and it is anticipated, many of the greatest experts of the North American continent on the subject of suitable plants for dry areas.

It is known that in many of the so-called dry districts where crop failures are general, certain farmers succeed in harvesting fairly good crops. It is proposed to invite these men to attend one or more of these conferences, and receive, by their own efforts, outlining their methods of farming and the nature of the crops grown by them, and to cause to be disseminated this information among farmers generally in the districts referred to. All farmers who have succeeded where others have failed have a patriotic duty to perform in assisting these conferences by every means at their disposal in finding a solution of one of the greatest problems confronting the West.

Although it is yet early to hazard a guess as to the extent of the acreage to be seeded to wheat in Western Canada this year, it is probable quite safe to assume that the preliminary government estimates of a considerable decrease in acreage are correct. The late season has prevented much spring plowing, which will result in a decreased wheat acreage, but reports indicate that the seed is going into the ground well supplied with moisture and under satisfactory conditions, which only requires suitable weather to yield a bountiful crop. At the same time a large decrease in the wheat crop of the United States is anticipated this year, there having been a heavy falling off in the winter wheat crop.

One result in the West will undoubtedly be a substantial increase in the acreage sown to oats and other winter cereals, as the result of a beneficial effect, as the past few years have revealed a lamentable shortage of feed grains which has had an adverse effect owing to the rapid manner in which these western provinces are coming to the front in the production of live stock of all classes.

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend.

He Has It Coming

"Should suffer husbands have been damaged?" was a question raised in a recent divorce action. The better opinion is that the fact that the wife had been injured by the use of his way to get married should tell against him.—London Post.

Faint and Dizzy Spells.

Weakness and Shortness of Breath.

You can generally tell when the heart is affected by the faint and dizzy spells, the shortness of breath, palpitation, trembling, irregular pulse, smothering sensations, weak, shivering, all-gone feeling, checking sensation, etc.

Many men and women become faint and dizzy when not when others they they could be strong and healthy if they would only use some remedy to the first sign of heart weakness.

It is not a matter of life or death to make the heart begin strong and vigor, regulate its beat and restore it to a healthy normal condition as Minard's Heart and Nerve Pills.

Wrote—*"I have used on towards the end of my life Minard's Heart and Nerve Pills and find them to be the best I have ever used. I have had fainting, dizzy spells, once a while, and my weakness and shortness of breath, and would become choked up at times. I could hardly sleep without sitting up in bed. When, waking too fast, I would have to stop and try to catch my breath. I feel a lot better since I have used your pills and know that they have helped me wonderfully as I have improved very much."*

Price \$3 a box at all dealers or send for free trial box to THE T. M. BROWN CO., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Automobile Industry For Alberta

New Car to be Manufactured by An Edmonton Concern

Alberta will shortly add another industry to its list. A member already under way, when an Edmonton-made automobile will be put on the market.

The machine is being constructed by the Western Foundry, Ltd., and will be one of the most up-to-date cars in every respect. The engine is said to be the latest of the kind on the market, and is in use in a great number of first class motors on the continent.

It is the intention of the western foundry to have the plant equipped for turning out a large number of these new cars, and as some of the tests being carried out showing that it is possible to produce an excellent machine in Edmonton and place it on the market with every hope of successful competition with the cars manufactured in large eastern centers.

The Negative Method

"Wonder how Mabel preserves her complexion so well."

"By never attempting to preserve it."—Boston Transcript.

Kenos, Ont., Jan. 22, 1920.

The Western Foundry, Ltd., Ltd., Kenos, N.S.

Dear Sir:—I am writing you in favor of your Liniment. I would not be without MINARD'S LINIMENT for anything, as it will relieve almost anything. When I go hunting I always take a box in my pocket. It is the best for cold in the Head I ever used. I have used it for many years, and every other part of a person, and for Sore Throat it has no equal. It is also a good liniment for the hair as I always use it. I have also taken bottles of oil of bones with MINARD'S LINIMENT and I would use no other for my hair. I think it is the best.

I remain, Yours Truly,

(Signed) DANIEL MAC LAREN

Two Sure Crops

There were 2,348 millionaires in the United States when the war began, and nearly 7,000 when it ended—A fact which causes the Saskatchewan State to reflect that war produces two sure crops, one money, the other millionaires.—Toronto Globe.

CURE COWS' CAKED BAGS

With EGYPTIAN LINIMENT For Sale by all Dealers Douglas & Company, Napanee, Ont.

New Wheat Order

No Mixed Grain Containing Wheat Will Be Exported From Three Prairie Provinces.

The Canadian Wheat Board has issued the following orders with effect May 8: "The price of wheat grown in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, sold locally from country elevators, in the said provinces for use as feed or seed, shall be \$1.15 per bushel, basis No. 1 northern in store public terminal elevators at Fort William and Port Arthur, and in the said provinces, wheat shall be sold to the board of the said \$1.15 per bushel for each bushel of wheat sold."

"No mixed grains containing wheat shall be imported into Canada without a license of permit of the board."

"Each mill owner who grinds wheat for farmers or other persons, and returns to such owners the whole of the actual product of such wheat, shall not be required to issue participation certificates or to remit to the board the \$1 on such wheat, provided, however, that each mill licensee must furnish a weekly statement showing 'farmer's' name or other owner of wheat grinded, and quantity of wheat grinded; and quantity of flour and or other product returned to the owner of the wheat grinded."

He Had Met Him

The premier of South Africa, Gen. Smuts, is a hard worker and thoroughly unselfish. Consequently, says *Time*, he hates guile.

"Let me see," said a high and mighty young officer who sat next to him at a reception in London shortly after the floor war, "haven't we all—met somewhere?"

"Yes," replied the General.

"Thought so," remarked the officer, adding with a bored air, "One meets so many people." Let me see, who do we meet?"

"In South Africa," returned the young officer, "I surrendered to me during the war."

CHILDHOOD CONSTIPATION

Constipation is one of the most common ailments of childhood. The child suffering from it cannot digest. To keep the children well the bowels must be kept regular and the stomach sweet.

To do this nothing can equal Baby's Own Tablets. They are a mild but thorough laxative and absolutely safe and never fail to relieve constipation and indigestion and to soothe the little sufferer from the first to the last.

When Mrs. Julia Galt writes, "My baby was terrible constipated and colicky from the first to the last of the first year. I was advised to give her Baby's Own Tablets. The first day she took them she was happy, happy. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail for 25 cents a box from Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont."

Jerusalem's 3,500 years of history records only 300 years in which the city was independent.

Ask For Minard's and take no other.

British Tidal Power Scheme

Generate Electric Power From The Tidal Waters

The Ministry of Transport in Great Britain is giving careful attention to the possibility of building a dam across the estuary of the Severn in order to generate electric power from the tidal waters.

The ministry has also formed a strong committee to examine the ambitious scheme for electrification put forward by several British railway companies and to lay down principles which will lead to uniformity in electrical and mechanical matters so that through running will eventually be feasible.

Canadian Boats Shipping Grain

An interesting statement was made in the house of commons recently by Sir George E. Foster, acting premier, regarding the total export of Canadian grains in Canadian ships as compared with the export in United States vessels. The minister stated that 90.55 percent of the wheat exported was carried in Canadian bottoms as well as 85.94 percent of export oats and 89.63 percent of barley.

W. N. U. 1316

Beautifying the Cities Of Saskatchewan

Many Saskatoon Residents Planting Trees and Shrubs This Spring

This season has already seen an unprecedented demand on the part of the citizens of Saskatoon, for shrubbery and small trees for planting purposes, states the city gardener. Plans are under way in the city to cope with the greatly increased demand, and this year there will be more than 20,000 trees and shrubs planted in the city greenery.

Cuttings which are planted this year consist of poplar, honyesuckle, lilac and willows and judging from results on a small scale in the past, this will soon grow to a matter of primary interest in Saskatoon, where the love of beautiful homes grows rapidly during the past year or two.

In addition to this the parks board has purchased large quantities of elm trees and cypresses, and these will be cultivated with special care, as well as distributed to the citizens who wish to purchase. They are being handled at the cost price, the aim of the board being to draw expenses and beautify the city at all costs.

MOTHER!

"California Syrup of Figs" Child's Best Laxative



Accept "California Syrup of Figs" only—Look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most healthful laxative. It is made of pure fruit and honey, and is gentle on the liver and bowels. Children love its fruit taste. Full directions on each bottle. You must say "California."

Settlers For Peace River

Trains Leaving Edmonton Crowded To Capacity With Best Type

According to J. D. McArthur, president of the Edmonton, Danvers & British Railway, the Peace River and Grand Prairie country is on the eve of a forward movement. In the course of a short interview, Mr. McArthur said: "The railway is at its widest and accommodates new settlers for this country. Trains leaving Edmonton are crowded to capacity with the best type of settlers. Four and five hundred people are packed on the train and it is impossible with our present equipment to cope with the question even when the country is settled. It is due to immigration conditions, something must be done at once to relieve the congestion." Regarding the traffic prospects generally, Mr. McArthur said that they were never brighter. For over a year earnings had been over operating charges.

Dyed Child's Coat And Her Old Skirt

"Diamond Dyes" Made Faded, Shabby Apparel So Fresh

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dye," guaranteed to give a new, rich, lustrous color to any fabric, whether it be wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods, — dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's dresses, coats, hats, draperies, coverings—everything.

The Direction Book with each package shows how to Diamond Dye over any color.

To match any material, have dealer show you "Diamond Dye" Color Card.

FREE PREMIUMS 2 for 1 MAY IS THE BIG MONTH

For users of Royal Crown products. Every coupon you have counts as two in purchasing premiums during May.

Have you written for our new catalogue, listing over 700 beautiful premiums? Better send for one today.

The double offer is good for MAY ONLY, but the coupons are always valuable.

— SEND TO —

THE ROYAL CROWN SOAPS, Limited

651 MAIN STREET, WINNIPEG, MANITOBA

HAVE YOU ASTHMA?

Do you endure the tortures of Asthma with pleurisy, cough, wheezing, shortness of breath, and other troubles? Write for free sample of TEMPLETON'S RHEUMATIC CAPSULES.

TEMPLETON'S RHEUMATIC CAPSULES

This preparation is the result of purest scientific research. It has been tried by thousands of people who have suffered from rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, etc. Write for free sample of TEMPLETON'S RHEUMATIC CAPSULES.

Write for reliable druggists every where for \$1.00 a box.

TEMPLETON'S RHEUMATIC CAPSULES

For fifteen years the standard preparation for rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, etc. Write for free sample of TEMPLETON'S RHEUMATIC CAPSULES.

Research in Corrosion

Investigations Being Made by Strong Committee

At the recent congress of the British Institution of Metals a valuable report was read on the corrosion of metals—a subject in which so many engineers are keenly interested. This report was the fifth of a series of reports prepared by a special committee of the institute. Experiments have been made with alloys of copper and zinc, and many suggestions made for avoiding or reducing corrosion. In the British navy ships are made of steel and iron, and a British company has been formed to exploit an electrolytic process which deposits and maintains a protective layer of zinc on the surface of the tube.

A Newspaper's Value

Every newspaper has value as an advertising medium because every newspaper is read by people who prefer it to every other newspaper—whether believe in it—who hold it—who in fact it has qualities which satisfy the mind and the body.

You cannot part a man or a woman from his or her own favorite newspaper any more than you can separate members of families who are linked together by affection.—W. C. Freeman.

Some of the islands of the coast of Siberia are said to be made up largely of bones of the mammoth.

The Vandiver apple tree in Missouri is believed to be the largest in the world.

No Contract Breaker

Foundations of Free Government Tested and Not Found Wanting

Trades unionism in the United States and Canada has fought a long and hard battle with anarchy within its own ranks and proved that labor will keep its contracts.

A light breeze amid all the deluging signs of the times. That light shines out of the collapse of the out-law strike on the American railways, and the fate of the same kind of printers' strike in the Montreal Star office. The foundations of free government were tested and not found wanting in an industrial crisis. Labor proved its power to produce and follow a leadership of honor and self-interest.—Toronto Telegram.

Reviewing Australia's Fleet

Prince of Wales Will Show Something Like 30 Warships

The Prince of Wales and the Australian "Digger" are old friends. They shared the mud of Flanders and the trenches of France, but the Prince and the Australian "Digger" have yet to gain the same friendly understanding. When the royal guest reaches Melbourne he will find a warm opportunity of seeing the remarkable growth of Australia's fleet. He will review something like 30 warships in Port Phillip Bay. Probably the contrast between the huge Russian and the war-worn battle cruiser Australian "Digger" is so great that already emphasized by Lord Jellicoe—that the day of the great battleship is still with us. One thing the Prince will not hear—the customary salute of 21 guns; out of deference to the men recovering from shell-shock.

High and Low

Magistrate—Did I understand you to say that the parties used high words?

Policeman—Their voices were elevated rather high, sir, but the words used were extremely low.

Not a Blemish

Must be the perfect appearance of her complexion. The Oriental Cream is the perfect skin treatment. It is a perfect skin treatment. It is a perfect skin treatment. It is a perfect skin treatment.

GOURMAND'S Oriental Cream

Must be the perfect appearance of her complexion. The Oriental Cream is the perfect skin treatment. It is a perfect skin treatment. It is a perfect skin treatment. It is a perfect skin treatment.

PAINT, TO SAVE MONEY

Every exterior surface, inside and out, should be painted. Paint is the best protection for your property. Paint preserves wood, metal, brick and concrete. It adds beauty to the home and lasts for years.

MARTIN-SENOUR PAINTS AND VARNISHES

Give you the paint and varnish best suited for every surface, to protect as well as beautify. No more expensive to add value to the whole property.

Save the surface and you save it

For the best results, use Martin-Senour's Paints and Varnishes. They are the best for every surface, to protect as well as beautify. No more expensive to add value to the whole property.

The MARTIN-SENOUR Co., Ltd.

ST. BONIFACE, QUEBEC

FREE PREMIUMS 2 for 1 MAY IS THE BIG MONTH

ROYAL CROWN SOAP

For users of Royal Crown products. Every coupon you have counts as two in purchasing premiums during May.

Have you written for our new catalogue, listing over 700 beautiful premiums? Better send for one today.

The double offer is good for MAY ONLY, but the coupons are always valuable.

— SEND TO —

THE ROYAL CROWN SOAPS, Limited

651 MAIN STREET, WINNIPEG, MANITOBA

Improvement of the Home Surroundings At Small Expense

The attraction of home is not exclusively within the four walls of the building. Its surroundings should be agreeable, especially in the summer, when so much of one's time is spent in the open.

To make the home and grounds attractive does not require much effort, and the expense is inconsiderable. What can be accomplished at a minimum of expenditure is shown in the accompanying illustration. The willingness to do so, accompanied by the

given the cottage an attractive, inviting and restful appearance.

Improvement of home grounds can also be accomplished by the judicious use of very little time and money, and the effort will be amply repaid by increased attractiveness. In many portions of Canada, wild shrubs, vines and flowers may be secured, which, under cultivation, rapidly improve. For shade trees, the hard maple and beech may be secured, and the cooling effect of these will be appreciated during warm weather.

The present season should be utilized to give attention to this feature of making home a real home, and an asset to the community. The illustration is very often the incentive to many, who are reluctant that the entire district is benefited.



The "Nobody-Cares" Appearance



The Result Was Surely Worth the Effort.

expenditure of a few cents on morning work, transform the appearance of the first picture into the beauty of the second. The surroundings in the first photo have a "nobody-cares" appearance and are far from inviting. In the second picture, the foliage has

Canadian War Memorial

Sir George Perley Gets Deeds to Bourton Wood, In France

Word has been received in Ottawa that Sir George Perley, the Canadian High Commissioner in England, has returned to London from France, bringing with him the deeds of the site for the Canadian battlefield memorial at Bourton Wood. The property was turned over by the Count de Francqueville, and a special decree of the French government was necessary for the transfer of the gift from a French citizen to a foreign government.

Bourton Wood, like Sanctuary Wood and Polygon Wood, near Ypres, will hold an important place in the annals of the Canadian Expeditionary Force. It first came into prominence when General Sir Julian Byng, in command of the third British army, made a surprise attack on the Germans in November, 1917, without the preliminary bombardment. The attack on the wood was a great success at first, but the British had to abandon some of their gains after tremendous counterattacks.

The section, however, remained in the hands of the army until the Canadian forces on Sept. 22, 1918, launched a brilliant attack which enabled them to cross the Canal du Nord and to press on through Bourton Wood, and envelop Cambrai. The severity of the fighting between Aug. 22 and Oct. 11 may be judged by the casualties which the corps sustained. The number killed, wounded and missing amounted to 1,544 officers and 29,263 of other ranks. Of this number 24,599 were wounded.

Fire Loss Increased

Four Months Total This Year is the Sum of \$9,556,125

If fires continued to do damage as they have during the first four months of this year, the total for 1920 will greatly exceed the loss last year, and may reach the figure for the record year, 1918, says the *Montreal Times*. The four months' total this year is \$9,556,125 compared with \$8,241,289 for the same period in 1919.

The *Montreal Times*'s estimate of Canada's fire losses during April, 1920, was \$3,229,500, compared with \$1,809,000 in April, 1919, and \$1,290,280 in March, 1920.

A Difference in Time

In only an hour and a half that he and his son and namesake resembled each other greatly, old Bill Smith said: "The main difference 'twixt me and young Bill is, when I put in a day at work I don't feel like young Bill; and when young Bill puts in a night's work 'round here he feels like me."

Half the population of Great Britain went twice a week to the movies in 1919.

Deposits of Sodium Sulphate

Syndicate of English Capitalists To Exploit Deposits Near Calgary

To meet the ever-increasing demand for sodium sulphate for use in the paper mills of eastern Canada, a syndicate of English capitalists interested in the mills have acquired rights on two and a half sections of land situated near the Calgary and Edmonton road, about 30 miles north of Calgary, Alberta, and will commence exploitation of the deposit as soon as machinery can be installed. The deposit is about four feet deep. The plant will be installed in units, each giving an output of about 500 tons monthly. The output of the deposit, it is stated, is 90 percent. All the capital of the

company is subscribed. Coal is found conveniently near to the site where the plant is to be installed.

It is not anticipated that the new industry will be of a very permanent character, as the price of sodium sulphate is not likely to be maintained at the present level. The price of sodium sulphate has risen from about \$2.25 a ton before the war, to as high as \$4.25 and \$4.4 a ton at the present time.

This abnormal price is due to the artificial closing down of certain chemical plants, which produced sodium sulphates as a by-product during the war.

According to the representative of the English syndicate at Calgary, the high price is not likely to be maintained permanently, and when conditions become normal again, the exploitation of the product will cease to be commercially profitable. Last year more than 67,000,000 pounds of sodium sulphate were imported into Canada at the average price of \$18.50.

One-half of the total came from the United Kingdom, and the other half from the United States.

Deposits of sodium sulphate are not abnormal until recently they have been considered worthless. Their value is due to the fact that the manufacture of hydrochloric acid practically ceased during the war.

The cost of a ton of the units to be installed at the claims north of Calgary will be from \$10,000 to \$15,000 and only about \$100,000 will be required to operate each unit. After the first has been installed, further excavations will depend largely on the state of the market, which is expected to hold up for some considerable time.

Agricultural Conference

Will Be Attended by Officials From Every Department of Agriculture In Three Provinces

Dates are announced for the agricultural conference under the auspices of the commission of conservation in Winnipeg this summer. The conference which will be attended by officials from every department of agriculture in the prairie provinces, will open on July 14 and close on July 16.

Subjects to be taken up will deal more particularly with the rate and method of advancing soil fertility throughout the entire west and with proposals of the department to offset the drain of the past few years, during which time every available acre has been utilized for the production of foodstuffs. Special attention is also directed to the fortunate position of the province in the fortunate position of drought areas. Forage supply and the preventing of soil drifting will also be taken up.

Sale of Land Brings Fortune to the Indians

Indians on the Papet reserve about 20 miles northeast of Regina, find themselves in the fortunate position of being possessors of \$100,000 in cash as the result of the sale of 24 sections of the federal government land to the soldier settlement purposes. The department of Indian affairs secured their surrender and transferred them to the soldier settlement board. The lands were sold recently at a sale conducted in this city and the land passed to the veterans.

The nightgown proper is not found in either of the Americas.

Banks Tighten Purse Strings

Believed That Effect Will Be To Bring Cost of Living to Sane Level

Reduction in the cost of living, gradual at first, but gathering momentum until such time as normal prices prevail, when adjustments of present prices will be required to conform with current conditions, it is forecast by Hon. Edward Brown, president of the Bankers' Association, as the policy inaugurated recently by the banks of Canada and the United States in tightening the purse strings of both nations.

The new policy, in effect, said Mr. Brown, limits new credit to absolute essentials, and at the same time encourages or induces old clients to reduce their existing credit lines to a minimum. The treasurer declared there was no truth in a rumor that the Bankers' Association had decided to eliminate new credits altogether, and to enforce a 50 percent reduction in existing loans.

Application of this policy by Winnipeg banks began last Saturday, according to report. Retail merchants are the first to feel the pinch. They are in the position of having bought stocks at extraordinarily high prices and being confronted at the end of a "backward spring" season with the refusal of banks to extend credit for new stock purchases. The only way they have of raising cash is by reducing sales, and in many cases merchandise must be sold at cost or even lower prices.

To tie to the retailer's trouble, this situation arises at a time when large increases in rent are becoming effective.

In the United States, said Mr. Brown, "the decision of the Bankers' Association, undoubtedly arrested a panic. In Canada, I believe, there was no such danger, but such a measure to the south would have had a serious reflex action on the whole of the Dominion."

"For a long time," he continued, "we have been parading our financial resources. It was natural that before long the weak must be grafted and when up-bidding was no longer possible, the crash would have come."

The immediate effect upon retailers will be that in place of securing further credit to carry them along, they will have to make quick turnover of their resources, their stocks by which to get the ready money, prices will tumble.

In New York last week I saw the first evidence of this in the United States. One morning the city received an announcement that a 20 percent reduction in the price of silk had been made in John Wanamaker's huge department store. This was the first indication that the market was not a safe proposition, but a new era of business was beginning.

"I heard of a large drapery firm in Chicago which, about the same time, announced a reduction of from \$2 to \$2.50 on all its silk fabrics, and less sensational action of a similar character appears to be under consideration in a series of places throughout the United States."

"This movement will spread to Canada. It is bound to come and I believe it starting by the banks, the bankers of the country have arrived at the true solution to the high cost of living."—Winnipeg Tribune.

Hunger Strike Analyzed

Is A Temptation to Every Offender Who Is Jailed

If anxiety is not to be weakened, if order is to prevail, there must be a means of punishing those who break the law. Whether the law is a wise one does not affect the case. It is always possible for differences of any kind and good citizenship requires that the law be observed even by those who may not approve of it. Without a requirement of this principle there would be chaos where there should be order. Offenders, then, must be imprisoned. Humanity demands that they shall be treated decently and supplied with abundance of wholesome food. What more can the authorities do? A prisoner in England, charged with what may possibly be regarded as a political offense, can resist the order of the law and abase his name by refusing to take food, a prisoner of any other class may do likewise. Once admitted that such a course can succeed in defeating the rule of justice by obtaining the release of a prisoner, and a temptation is held out to every offender who is charged with any crime.

The River Jordan wanders 220 miles in covering a distance of 60.

There are 50 species of outs.

W. N. U. 1316

Greater Interest Shown in Raising Throughout the West

(By L. A. Gibson, Daily Constructor for Manitoba)

Much has been accomplished by Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta during the past three years through organization and co-operation in developing general dairying and particularly the creamery butter industry. Previous to 1918 each province was a separate dairy unit working to different but similar standards. Today the inter-provincial spirit is strongly developed and instead of three being Manitobans, Saskatchewaners and Albertans, there is now a Canadian creamery butter, all of different types, there is Western Canada Creamery, of one type made in the three provinces was secured by Saskatchewan, with a score of 97.85.

This result has been largely secured through the development of the Inter-provincial Dairy Convention started in January, 1918, and held annually in Winnipeg since then. The last convention, held during the third week in February, 1920, was the most representative and successful of all being complied with the annual meeting of the National Dairy Council of Canada in the three provinces. The importance of the dairy industry in the west, including the second Western Dairy Show, the creamery butter exhibition, attracted not only the makers but also producers and buyers.

The butter makers' competitors, in organized in 1918, have been a year ago for the purpose of standardizing the butter of the Prairie Provinces provides for a separate competition to be carried on simultaneously in the three provinces, extending over a period of six months. The three makers in each province have the highest average score in the period time during the inter-provincial competition and prizes are awarded to the competitors in order of merit. The prizes are general and

the entries from each province have been numerous. This year there was added the attraction of an "All Canada" competition, which brought entries from every province in Canada and, combined with the other classes, gave the Winnipeg conference the largest exhibit of creamery butter ever shown in Canada. In the "All Canada" competition, the first, second and the third prizes were won by Alberta, the fourth and fifth by Quebec and the sixth by Manitoba. The score for the first prize was 98 and for the sixth 97.4 or a difference of six-tenths of a point between the first and sixth, which indicates a very close competition. The highest inter-provincial award was secured by Saskatchewan, with a score of 97.85.

A number of innovations were introduced into the show, a level of scores with their records of performance was among the attractions. In addition to the herd of purebreds, from the Manitoba Agricultural College, there was this year a get-better-than-a-number-of-ordinary-or-send-cows-to-emphasize-the-up-to-date nature of the dairy industry. Up to the present time the dairy show has been conducted under the auspices of the dairy industry, but this year the project and developed it. Much larger show buildings must be obtained and plans are already under way to secure a new building.

The men behind the dairy business in the western provinces are definitely aiming for an annual output of 500,000 pounds of creamery butter in the three provinces where 2,500,000 pounds are made today. They are looking to the future, and are disregarding the imaginary boundary lines in their effort to lay the foundation of a great dairy industry for western Canada.

Oil Strike Reported In Northern Alberta

Story That Enormous Pool Of Oil Exists In Peace River Country

The *Lethbridge Herald* reports that "oil in commercial quantities, sufficient to practically gross the contention that an enormous pool of oil exists, has been struck in a well in northern Alberta. The story is in the rumor stage as yet, but the well is due to be drilled for the purpose of testing the water and location of the well a seer for the north would yet bring a good thing to the surrounding country with it."

For a long time it has been known that the Peace River country was rich in oil, but the attempts to reach it have only been partially successful. George Dowling, Dominion geologist, on his last visit to Lethbridge, reiterated his firm conviction that the development work in the north would yet bring a good thing to the surrounding country with it.

This year's exploration promises to be the greatest yet, and it is above all else, the fact that the great development work will be carried out, that will give the great oil pool going on in Texas."

Quite All Rights

A number of English officers were sitting in a German restaurant in Cologne having a very good time for people who were away from home. They were struck by a rather lively conversation between the leader of the orchestra and several of his numbers. All of a sudden the orchestra began to play "Die Wacht am Rhein." Every one rose to his feet while the officers, including the English, stood at attention until the last note had been played. The leader was so surprised that he came down from the stage and began the following conversation: "Gentlemen, may I ask you a question?" "Go ahead," said one of the officers. "Do you know what you are playing?" "Sure," "Do you know that was 'Die Wacht am Rhein'?" "Why, certainly," said one of the officers, raising his voice as he to be heard all over the hall; "that's all right. Die Wacht am Rhein, that's it."

To Train R.C.M.P. at Regina

Regina will be a special training depot where every man who enlists in the Royal Canadian Mounted Police will be given his training. It will be believed that another training depot would be established at Ottawa and according to officers of the force, Regina will be the only training depot.

The great orange-red butterflies migrate like birds in the fall, dying all the way from Canada to Cuba.

Land Boom in Alberta

Domestic Land Office at Calgary Has Busy Season

Notable increases are shown over the corresponding period of last year in the returns of April of the Dominion Land Office at Calgary. Alberta, the net increase being \$30,740,608, while the figures for April, 1919, are \$67,865,22, and for last April, \$80,361,31. The largest increases are shown in the acreage of the prairie provinces, the increase being more than \$30,000. The increase is shown in all departments except the forestry branch.

In April, 1919, no grants or place mining claims were granted; but for April of this year 26 were applied for, and 10 were granted. The same was the case in the last day of March, as against nine in the corresponding month of last year.

For April, 1919, 27 applicants, for April, 1920, with 27 applicants, the fee amounted to \$240,525. In soldier grant returns there were 25 for April, 1919, and 26 for the corresponding month of last year. In homesteads 19 were granted last month as against 16 in April of last year.

Soldier Settlement

Sell 69,000 Acres of Indian Lands to Ex-Soldiers

Practically the whole of the 69,000 acres of Indian reserve lands acquired by the soldier settlement board has been sold to soldier settlers. There are, however, in some of the reserves, a few parcels of land which the government paid the Indians from \$10 to \$20 an acre for the land and the soldier settlement board disposed of it.

In the case of Bullock reserve, 6,930 acres, the purchase price was \$83,584. The balance of \$14,000 was paid in instalments and appeared each unit according to its comparative value. The aggregate selling price being \$13,584,400 in excess of the amount paid the Indians for the whole reserve or eight cents more per acre.

Canadian Holstein Cattle

Canadian Holstein cattle are highly regarded in Australia, according to H. A. Simmons, who recently delivered the 1920 Canadian Holstein Cattle Show. He claims that the Holsteins bred in the Antipodes are not as good as the Canadian-bred ones, and he is working arrangements to assemble another herd for export.

Six per cent has been the maximum rate of interest for 200 years in the Isle of Man.

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Feeling?

Its in every tube of Klenzo Tooth Paste.

35 cents a tube at

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(Small tires)

Estimates given for Reparing

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Strathmore

G.W.V.A.

Regular meetings third

Friday of each month

in Oddfellows Hall.

All returned 25th

as returned ex members



Dr. J. M. Brand

VETERINARY SURGEON

OFFICE

NEXT DOOR POST OFFICE

Office Phone No. 53

RESIDENCE PHONE

Namaka

Lord Minto paid a visit to Namaka
Farm to select the Forcherson horses
recently purchased from Mr. Lane.The hall came between the hon-
dies and bachelors did not mature
owing to the interference of the weath-
er.Farmers awakening on Sunday
morning rubbed their eyes and won-
dered if they were still having their
winter rest. At least 3 or 4 inch
of snow was lying on the level. Let
us hope for warm weather now to
boost the crop along.The U.F.W.A. meet in the school
house, Namaka, on Saturday, June 26
at the usual hour, when a good atten-
dance is requested.On June 1st the Herd Law comes
into force to the relief of a number of
harassed farmers who have trouble
keeping stray stock out of the grow-
ing crops.

Miscellaneous Advs.

SNAP, for quick sale, 4 lots in block
4, Strathmore, No. 7 17.20 for \$50.
each, terms arranged. Apply Mrs.
J. Wells, 502-22 Ave. W., Calgary.
Phone M. 1225.WANTED, a girl for general house
work, no washing. Apply to Mrs. W.
E. Brown. Tru 25FOR RENT, quarter-section for past-
ure, or will take horses or cattle
by feed if desired. Apply John
Schultz, Box 128, Strathmore, 2-64LOST, between city place and Strath-
more, either on the road 2 miles
north or by Denomination. From
one good year old weather coat fire
3 1/2 by 10 on spare tire. Reward \$5.
V. Todd, Strathmore. 2-50FOR SALE, white seed potatoes, 10
cwt. Inquire S. E. Hall, Strathmore.
2-69WANTED, HORSES TO PASTURE.
Will take on lease at \$150 per head
per month in one of the best areas
located in Alberta. Horses taken
either from Baker Bros. or C. A.
Phillips farms and delivered back in
the fall. Horses to come here June
1st and last so long as feed is
good in fall. Apply at once to Baker
Bros., Caswell, Phone R. 712,
Strathmore. 2-64LOST, A Gold Masonic Ring, Reward
if left at the Standard Office. n.m.FARM FOR SALE, 215 acres, one of
the best improved in the district.
See 21, Tap 21, R. 25, a bargain
if taken soon. Apply Mrs. P. M. De
Vill, Strathmore. 2-64FOR SALE, several good cattle cows
and a few southbreds. Inquire
W. M. Marshall, Namaka. 2-64FOR RENT, T. M. Woods, Barbrier
has for rent a building on First
Street suitable for a workshop.
13-12-10.Strathmore Lodge, No. 79, I. O. O. F.
Regular meetings in the Lodge Hall
Every Thursday evening at 8 p.m.Lodge Hall above W. E. Brown's
Furniture store, is for hire for meet-
ings. Apply W. M. Marshall.
W. E. Phinney, W. M. Marshall,
Holding Office, Noble GrandRegular meetings, Monday, on or be-
fore the full moon.

Next meeting Monday, May 31st

H. F. McDonald, S. O. Lanes,
Secretary, Vice MasterRead the Photographs Given in
duhler page.The moving picture shows will make
their appearance again in Rockford
every Wednesday from the 20th. They
were discontinued during the C.N.R.
to go along with Mr. Davidson's be-
cause in month Rockford by rail. A
very large film picture will be shown
last week.Mr. W. E. Brown, of Denham, was
a strike in Calgary Tuesday on busi-
ness.Bill Ridd spent Saturday and Sun-
day in Calgary last week.

S. Alberta System

Water was turned into the main
canal of the Canada Land and Irriga-
tion company east of the Little Bow
reservoir and is now flowing west to
the irrigated farms in the Vauxhall
district, where 5,000 acres of the com-
pany's land, which have been taken
over by settlers from the States, will
be put into crop this year. The water
will be ready for use on the farms.The water is now running through
the ditch around the Little Bow can-
al where some trouble has been in-
dicated, but there is now no indica-
tion of any difficulty and the com-
pany expects that there will be none.Water was turned into the main
ditch from the flow river, which is
miles east of Calgary, a year ago last
fall, and since then the huge reservoir
in the Snake river, known as
Lake McGeorge, which is nine miles
long and holds enough water to be
the entire crop for a year, has been
filled. Some 3,000 acres of land was
turned from this reservoir into the
main ditch to the east and the reservoir
at Little Bow, which holds enough
for a month's operation, was filled.
Now the water has been turned out
into the ditches from this reservoir.The turning of the water into the
ditches marks the successful completion
of an engineering project which was
long in course of development. It is
a matter of 15 years. It is ten years or
more since the project was first un-
dertaken, and since then it has been
through various vicissitudes and
changes, until it culminated in the
amalgamation of three distinct com-
panies into the Canada Land and Irriga-
tion company. The main ditch of
the project is 175 miles long, and from
it it is ultimately carried in 15,000
feet 25,000 acres of land.

—Bulletin, Banoka.

Rockford News Items

Mr. W. T. Ridd took delivery of
the new Hupmobile last week and Ridd
is the new chauffeur.Mr. W. T. Ridd will sell over one
thousand acres in box. The 1,000
acre tract was completed Mon-
day the 24th.Mr. A. W. Beuhne was a letter to
Calgary Tuesday.Mrs. H. Sanderson was in Rock-
ford Monday.Toke Murchard is buying a new
1927 Case Tractor from Miles and
Back.Miles and Back sold a 1927
Case Tractor from Miles and Back,
the head dealer.Preece & Sheen, the local building
contractors are putting in the founda-
tion for Moten's residence.The Horsehoe is becoming a fa-
vourite game in Rockford on Sunday
and holidays. It is all over the place
to open an academy.Fred Murchard is reaching to
get into the city after being
Tons with the spring work, he expects
to return this fall.Back is a busy man these days
selling everything there is in sight,
and his business is progressing, now
last week.John Stiles spent a day in Calgary
last Monday on a business trip.
L. M. Wise got through working
last Saturday.Fred Gilbert was in Rockford Mon-
day on business.

Cattle Dipping

June 24

Continued from front page
It is especially desirable that the con-
fidence of the stockmen is obtained,
and the government is anxious that
they should fully understand the at-
titude in the eradication of mites, so
that they will give their fullest
support.Paramount importance
Dr. Hargrave states that in the first
place is of paramount importance
to remember that they were dealing
with cattle mites, and cattle mites
only, and that it was consequently
necessary and essential to use a pre-
paration which has been proved to
possess the greatest killing powers
against the mite. That was the "gentle
man" they were after, and if they
desired to exterminate him they must
use it to it that the preparation
used was one which would put an
immediate crimp into his ex-
istence.Lime and Sulphur
The lime and sulphur dip was re-
commended by all authorities as the most
effective destroyer of the parasite
and the government had demon-
strated to its entire satisfaction that
such was the case. This mixture had
a distinct advantage over the com-
pounds obtained in bulk from com-
mercial sources owing to the fact that
the exact quantities of lime and sul-
phur were measured out for each dip,
were properly cooked and the desired
strength obtained. There was no
chance in the mixture which would
as the government knew exactly what
it was using; it knew the correct
strength of the dip, and in addition,
know through its own practical ap-
plication that the mite parasite
could not survive that dip.It is therefore working on safe
lines," states Dr. Hargrave, "and all
that is necessary to ensure effective
work is for its owners to see that the
lime and sulphur is mixed in
proper proportions and properly
cooked. This is no time for experi-
ment, and the department feels that
in insisting upon the use of this dip
and prohibiting the use of all others
that it is, in view of all the circum-
stances, taking the only safe course."Not as Effective
Dr. Hargrave mentions that many
stockmen have asked permission to
use the mite dip owing to the fact
that that dip was very effective in
destroying the lice. That dip was not,
however, as effective as lime and sul-
phur for the destruction of the mite
parasite and could not therefore be
used under the terms of the compul-
sory mite dipping order.The chief veterinary states that it
was well to remember that the mite
dipping order was in no way intended
to kill the mite parasite and that no-
thing else mattered for the time be-
ing. The lime and sulphur dip would
in any event have a direct in-
fluence on lice, and if stockmen found
it necessary to treat their animals
for lice they could of course do so
and could use any preparation they
may wish either before the compul-
sory dipping commenced or after it
had been completed.Dr. Hargrave concludes by saying
that the department desired to point
out most emphatically that all the
owners should concentrate their
efforts on June 24 to the dipping of
all cattle with the official lime and
sulphur mixture for the purpose of
exterminating the mite parasite.
That was by far the most important
undertaking, and in view of the many
different conditions under which live
stock were kept was not an easy mat-
ter. It was therefore necessary for
every stock owner to commence his
preparations for the compulsory dip-
ping right now.Municipal District of Bow Valley
No. 218STOCK BYLAW EFFECTIVE JUNE
FIRST.PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given
that Stock Bylaw No. 32, for the
Eradication of Animals Infested with
lice or ticks, within the limits of the
Municipality comes into force on
June 1st 1927.

W. G. WATSON, Sec. Treas.

Strathmore, May 15, 1927. 2-69

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Irrigation makes the farmer in-
dependent of rainfall, and insures
good crops, not occasionally, but
every year.
Irrigation makes possible the
successful culture of alfalfa, the
king of fodders, which insures
good returns in dairying and
milk farming.
Irrigation means intensive farm-
ing and close settlement with all
the advantages of a densely popu-
lated agricultural community.
Irrigation in the Canadian Paci-
fic Railway Irrigation Block is no
longer an experiment, the years
having absolutely demonstrated the
value thereof to more intelligent
appliers.
This is the most liberal offer of irrigated farm in 10 or 15 years. For
full particulars, apply to
ALLAN CAMERON, General Superintendent of Lands
Canadian Pacific Railway, Dept. of Natural Resources
Calgary, Alberta

You can buy irrigated land from
the Canadian Pacific Railway at
prices averaging \$50 per acre,
with twenty years to pay and
the privilege of a loan of \$2,000
for improvements (6% interest)
no principal after first pay-
ment until end of fourth year,
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